	Transcript of Proceedings - October 11, 2012 Volume 6	86 6
1	BEFORE THE	RECEIVED:
2	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF WISCONSIN	2
3		e Commissi 10/22/12,
4	APPLICATION OF HIGHLAND WIND FARM,) LLC, FOR A CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC)	_
5	CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY TO) CONSTRUCT A 102.5 MEGAWATT WIND)	on of Wiscon 10:39:38 AM
6	ELECTRIC GENERATION FACILITY AND) Docket No. ASSOCIATED ELECTRIC FACILITIES, TO) 2535-CE-100	Wisc 9:38
7	BE LOCATED IN THE TOWNS OF FOREST) AND CYLON, ST. CROIX COUNTY,)	Wisconsin:38 AM
8	WISCONSIN)	_ p
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10	EXAMINER MICHAEL E. NEWMARK, PRESIDING	
11	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS	
12	OCTOBER 11, 2012	
13	VOLUME 6	
14	TECHNICAL SESSION	
15		
16	Reported By:	
17	LYNN M. BAYER, RPR, CM	
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21	October 11, 2012 866 - 1001, Incl.	
22	Emerald, Wisconsin EXHIBITS:	
23	6:00 p.m. NONE	
24		
25		

1	APPEARANCES
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15	COMMISSIONERS: Eric Callisto (via telephone)
16	Phil Montgomery (via telephone)
17	OF THE COMMISSION STAFF
18	JOHN LORENCE, Office of General Counsel James Lepinski
19	Scot Cullen Michael John Jaeger
20	Michael John Jacger
21	(FOR INDEX SEE BACK OF TRANSCRIPT.)
22	
23	
24	
25	



1	(Discussion off the record.)
2	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let's see, our first
3	person is and I mispronounce people's names,
4	notoriously I'm bad at that. Kim Zohlke.
5	MR. ZOHLKE: Yes, that's right.
6	EXAMINER NEWMARK: First time.
7	KIM ZOHLKE, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
8	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Just spell your name
9	for the record.
10	MR. ZOHLKE: Z O H L K E, first name is
11	Kim, K I M.
12	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And just tell us where
13	you live.
14	MR. ZOHLKE: My home address is 703
15	Pleasant Oak Drive, Oregon, Wisconsin.
16	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And any property in the
17	area that you're concerned about?
18	MR. ZOHLKE: No, I have not. My farm is
19	straight south of here two hours, in Monroe County.
20	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Go ahead.
21	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
22	BY MR. ZOHLKE: Well, thank you for
23	letting me go near the front end here. With the
24	last name of Z, we don't get to start off very
25	often.

As a way of background, name is Kim

Zohlke. I was the head of new generation for

Alliant Energy of Invest In Your Own Utility that

basically serves parts of Iowa, Wisconsin and

Minnesota. I spent 30 years at Alliant and left

Alliant three and a half years ago after 30 years in

the industry. And in that process, I had the

opportunity to permit coal plants, permit gas

generation, permit wind farm generation, and buy a

host of different resources from distributed

generation from a number of different small sources

primarily on behalf of the utility customers and the

renewable portfolio requirements of the company.

I also had the opportunity to better and develop a wind farm construction firm, an EPC firm, that basically built wind farms nationwide. I've had the opportunity to travel nationwide and visit with stakeholders, landowners, and just about anybody who's connected to a wind farm in a number of different projects ranging from the State of New York to Texas to -- and throughout the upper midwest.

For the matter of the record, there's three things that I wanted to be part of the record.

And by the way, this is my own opinion, not that of



a former employer or a current employer, but from the standpoint of what it is that I think that's important about this decision that's before the PSC.

Number one is the importance of wind in the integrated resource portfolio for the utility. Wind has a very unique position, and that is it is high upfront capital cost, it is low operating cost, and the going forward costs are very much known and very, very much low risk. There is no fuel risk, there is no environmental emissions risk with the wind farm. As a utility, you want part of that in your portfolio. That's part of your hedge in your portfolio.

There is new interest in large companies, like Google and others, who have said, you know what, we declare our own RPS standard, we want green in our resource portfolio and we want options. In addition, we have the military whose requirement for green energy is part of an administrative order and they are looking for green energy. Good green energy resources have an important part in our future.

The second point I wanted to put on the record was the importance and the good work that PSC 128 was. I have had the opportunity to build a wind

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farm and develop it in Wisconsin without those I've also built wind farms in other states that had similar rules, and I've built in other states that had no rules at all. From the standpoint of -- while there may be differences of opinion about those rules in general, no matter where you go, the topics are the same, the debates are the same, the issues are generally the same. solve them differently at times because of the local requirements, the local needs, or whatever. But believe me, that piece of work, 128, in my mind represents one of the best sets of wind standards I have seen anywhere and represents a collective balance of what I'll call the stakeholders in terms of helping provide a guideline.

Last point I wanted to make was the fact that -- the importance of a good developer. In the late '90s, in the early 2000s, I was approached by a lot of developers that were new in the process and we used to say two guys in a pick-'em-up truck could start developing a wind farm. I had the opportunity to buy a number of wind farms for the utility fleet and do the due diligence for the quality of the wind farm that we were buying; found a big difference in terms of the quality, the work and the stakeholder

1	listening and management that was going on.
2	From what I can ascertain, the EEW group
3	has done a good job being straightforward,
4	transparent and following the guidelines with regard
5	to PSC 128. From my perspective, in some these
6	sorts of projects are needed. Wisconsin lags our
7	neighbors, Minnesota and Illinois and Michigan.
8	These sorts of projects are needed for our energy
9	future. The guidelines that we are working under
10	seem to be as good as what we've got and as good as
11	what anyone has with regard to going forward and are
12	critically important. And lastly, it seems as
13	though that the develop that you're working with
14	wants to do the right thing in terms of developing
15	the process.
16	So that's the end of my questions or
17	comments. Thanks for the opportunity.
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Thank you, sir.
19	(Witness excused.)
20	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Next is
21	Cindy Kuscienko. Did I get that right?
22	MS. KUSCIENKO: You did very well. You
23	are probably one of four that have ever pronounced
24	it correctly.
25	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Is that on the record?

1	Okay. Let's just get off the record a second.
2	(Discussion off the record.)
3	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let me swear you in.
4	CINDY KUSCIENKO, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
5	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Can you spell your last
6	names for us.
7	MS. KUSCIENKO: K U S C I E N, as in
8	Nancy, K O.
9	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have you at 2953
10	210th Avenue in Emerald. And any other properties
11	or tower locations you're concerned about?
12	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
13	BY MS. KUSCIENKO: Yes, very much so. I
14	live within a half mile of the turbine that is just
15	east of the Salseg property. My property will also
16	be compromised because the collector circuits will
17	be going down the road on our side of the road. My
18	septic system is within feet of that ditch. So yes,
19	I have very many concerns, not only from the nearby
20	turbines; but in reviewing the maps, we are
21	basically surrounded by 12 of them within a mile of
22	my home.
23	I am going to read a statement, so if I go
24	too fast, which I have tendency to do, please be
25	sure to stop me.

I am Cindy Kuscienko and I have been a resident of the Town of Forest for the last seven years. My husband and I purchased 40 acres back in 2005, moved here, and never looked back at going back to the Twin Cities. We fell in love with the area, and our dream is to live here and to die here.

Now that dream is in jeopardy with the potential of a 41 500-foot wind turbine project in the Town of Forest where the majority of the residents are vehemently opposed to a project of this magnitude. Not only were we lied to by the managing members of Emerging Energies, LLC/Highland Wind, LLC, we were betrayed by the people we trusted as town board members and friends.

As someone who has every intention of staying in the Town of Forest until I am no longer capable of living on my own, I am very concerned about the health impacts that could present themselves if this project does come to fruition.

Not only for me and my husband, but for the many people that live in this area. I do understand that some people have been unaffected by turbines of any size in wind projects throughout the country. But as testimony is given in Wisconsin and throughout the world, there are many that are impacted. There

are three families in the Shirley project in Glenmore, Wisconsin, who abandoned their homes because of health issues that came up after the turbines there went online. I have been to the top of Iowa Wind Farm that consists of 89 turbines in the Joice, Kensett and Lake Mills, Iowa area, where the turbines there would be considered minuscule at 320 feet tall.

I was impacted by the shadow flicker as I tried to take video footage of it. I also experienced headaches on a regular basis when in close proximity to the turbines. Just seeing the blades rotating in the distance caused me to experience dizziness. Based on my own personal experience, I have no doubt that the people who have testified before the PSC in Wisconsin are telling the truth as they know it.

What could possibly motivate them to give up everything they have worked for, where they've raised their families, where they've kept the family legacy alive by taking over the homestead, to lie about what has happened not only to them, but to their children? How can they not be believed when all over the world there are families that have all experienced many of the same health issues without

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any known cause other than the common denominator in all of the complaints are industrial health wind turbines?

The fact that they moved to protect the health, safety and welfare of their families, I consider their actions to be heroic and unselfish even though many may have comprised their financial health as they cannot sell their home. decisions were based on self-preservation and one of the most primitive defensive reactions, protecting the family. Mr. Dave Enz, who now lives with his wife in their motor home away from his property, has offered numerous times including, again, in his testimony at the technical hearing in Madison, an open invitation to his vacant home in Glenmore to anyone wishing to see for themselves what he and his wife experienced there after the Shirley project went online. To save their lives, they gave up everything they put their hearts and souls into.

I challenge the Public Service

Commissioners, Mr. Montgomery, Mr. Callisto and

Ms. Nowak, along with anyone connected with any

legislation concerning wind turbine construction in

the State of Wisconsin, to take Mr. Enz up on his

offer. Every senator, every state representative,

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every town board member, every mayor, every government official, including Governor Walker, should be mandated to stay in the Enz' home for 24 hours or more when the turbines are in operation.

Again, I challenge you to know firsthand what many have testified to with God as their Bring your spouse, children, bring your grandchildren, and see for yourself what can happen with an industrial wind project. You may not personally be affected by the audible sound, the electromagnetic fields, the changes in pressure on the body, the headaches, the anxiety and the panicky feeling that many may experience; but your elderly mother, your epileptic son, your autistic brother, may be. Do you want to take that chance? What would you do if it was your family? Would you let them stay in harm's way? Would you call them liars? Would you tell them that this just can't be possible because you were told by the wind developer and some of your elected officials that support the ideology that wind energy is not only clean, green and free, but that wind turbines don't cause people to get sick? Would you be able to go to sleep at night with a clear conscience knowing there are families that do suffer these symptoms? What would you do if

it was yours?

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You would do what I am doing, fighting any way I can to preserve life as I know it now, protecting what we have toiled with our blood, sweat and tears for from the threat of a manmade plague. This plague is not about saving the world. It is about greed, corruption, and the promise of greenbacks to a few landowners and making wind developers millionaires in controlling our land.

I am concerned with the potential effect of turbines on my own health as I have been diagnosed with high blood pressure in the last year and a half. While it is being treated with medication, I have no idea how this could play out if turbines came into the town. I also found out many years ago that I cannot sleep with an electric blanket on my bed. Even turned off, these devices still emit electromagnetic fields, just like all of our electric devices emit, that would then result in my awakening with a headache every morning that blanket was plugged in. When I removed the blanket from my bed or unplugged it, my headaches diminished. If could be affected in that manner, I wonder how others will also be affected.

I am also the aunt of a young man



diagnosed with Asperger's Syndrome. I know firsthand how noises and other things you and I would consider unobtrusive and subtle impact one who is struggling with any form of autistic spectrum disorder. Would my nephew be able to come to my home if the turbines are in operation? I don't know. I do know that he is very sensitive to noise and I would be concerned for his well-being. I am aware of two families that have children with autism. And I fear that a wind project could, and probably would, completely derail their health and well-being as well as devastating the lives of the parents who care for these children.

Sure, mitigating audible sound and shadow flicker is feasible. We can wear earplugs or headgear to try to block the noise. We can wear dark sunglasses, close all the windows, draw the shades, go into rooms without windows, turn on the air conditioning to block the pulsating whooshes that permeate the atmosphere. We can use more electricity to protect ourselves from those so-called annoyances, perpetuating the need for more turbines or other forms of energy to keep up with the increased demand due to mothers and fathers trying to protect their family, to get their

children to sleep peacefully so they can function and learn in school, to make sure that the doctor or nurse in the house can be rested for the next day's surgery schedule, for the pilot who is flying soldiers from areas of war back to the arms of their loved ones. That rationalization of using more energy to mitigate the potentially life threatening conditions caused by irresponsible turbine siting does not make sense to me.

Sleep depravation has been the most discussed symptom of living within an industrial wind project. Sleep depravation can cause irreparable harm and damage to any living, breathing creature. Sleep depravation is a form of torture that has been used for centuries. Sleep depravation caused by infrasound, the inaudible sound, has been known to cause death.

In Wikipedia, infrasound is described as, I quote, nonlethal, but can still kill under certain conditions, unquote. The U.S. Department of Defense states, and again I quote, that it has demonstrated phased arrays of infrasonic emitters. The device generates sound at about 7 hertz. The output from the device is routed to an array of open emitters. At this frequency, armor and concrete walls and

other common building materials allow sound waves to pass through providing little defense, end quote.

Also noted in research conducted that some common bioeffects of electromagnetic or other nonlethal weapons include effects to the human central nervous system resulting in physical pain, breathing difficulty, vertigo, nausea, disorientation, and other systemic discomforts.

Interference with breathing poses the most significant and potentially lethal results. Light and repetitive visual signals can induce epileptic seizures. Vection and motion sickness can also occur. Cavitation, which effects gas nuclei in human tissue, and heating can result from exposure to ultrasound and can cause damage to tissue and organs, end quote.

I am not an expert in any of these areas by any means. But common sense tells me that this effect cannot be mitigated, that the only recourse would be to suffer the consequences or move away from the source of infrasound. We should not be referred to as collateral damage or policy roadkill. We are people very concerned about the effect of 500-foot industrial wind turbines on the quality of our lives, the effect on our land values and, as

1	importantly, the retention of our constitutional
2	rights in Amendments 5 and 14.
3	Please, Commissioners, do the right thing
4	and deny the application of a CPCN for Highland Wind
5	Farm in the Town of Forest Wisconsin. Thank you
6	very much.
7	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you, ma'am.
8	(Witness excused.)
9	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Off the record.
10	(Discussion off the record.)
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Goodrich, Claudine.
12	CLAUDINE GOODRICH, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
13	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And Goodrich, it's
14	GOODRICH, at 3032 210th Avenue in Emerald.
15	Do you have any other address or turbine location
16	that you're concerned about?
17	MS. GOODRICH: That's it.
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Go ahead.
19	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
20	By MS. GOODRICH: Hi, my name is Claudine
21	Goodrich. Thank you for the opportunity to share my
22	thoughts in this important topic. As a landowner
23	who could potentially host one of the turbines,
24	please know that I take this situation extremely
25	seriously. I have devoted many hours of thought and

prayer to finally arrive at the insights that I'm going to share with you today.

I am a wife of 36 years, a mother of three grown children, a grandmother of two grandsons, a teacher of English, and an owner of a cattle operation in Forest Township. In each one of these roles, I care deeply about the people and the animals that I care for and interact with. My husband, my kids, my grandkids, my students, my cows, my horses, my friends, and my neighbors. I very much would never make a decision that I thought might harm these people or creatures who are so very special to me.

The concern about visual, auditory and other impacts from the turbines is a natural reaction, especially when the source is so close to our beloved homes. However, after weighing all the research and evidence, after re-examining the process that Emerging Energies has pursued, after listening to the opponents and the supporters of the wind farm, I truly believe that to move ahead with the wind farm is the right decision. Wind power combines the best offer by mother nature and today's technology to provide a valuable source of energy.

We must concentrate on the importance of a



bigger picture, our future generations. It is essential that we do our part to provide those who come after us with a clean, safe and unconstrained existence such as we were given.

I love the community and the people and the land in Forest Township. I fell in love with Forest the moment my family explored it 15 years ago. I realize the turbines will change the appearance of our communities. I get that. But that transformation will strengthen our country in the end. We still have the land and each other to cherish. When I look at my grandkids, I want them to know that I did my best to ensure that they have the life opportunities I was so fortunate to have because my ancestors were thinking about me before I was born.

We simply cannot continue to be dependent on other countries for energy, and we cannot keep producing unclean energy. Just as the telegraph wires, the railroad tracks, the power lines, and the cell towers before us, we learned to live with and embrace progress. In fact, we soon learned to cherish the benefits provided by these changes which frightened us so much at first. I feel the wind turbines will quickly become a valuable part of our



1	beautiful forest landscape because we are helping to
2	meet the ever-increasing demands for clean power
3	generation. I will be proud to support any effort
4	that will ensure a happy, healthy, free existence,
5	that our future generations so justly deserve.
6	Thank you.
7	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you, ma'am.
8	(Witness excused.)
9	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Melinda Goodrich.
10	MELINDA GOODRICH, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Same Goodrich, and I
12	have you at 144 Highway 63 in Clear Lake?
13	MS. M. GOODRICH: Yes.
14	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And other properties or
15	places you want to talk about?
16	MS. M. GOODRICH: No.
17	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Go ahead.
18	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
19	BY MS. M. GOODRICH: My name is Melinda
20	Goodrich, and I would like to take the time to
21	express my support for the proposed Highland Wind
22	Farm in Forest, Wisconsin. I reside in nearby Clear
23	Lake and own property in Forest Township, and my
24	family resides in Forest Township.
25	I was first introduced to the idea of

1	harvesting wind energy in our area about four years
2	ago, and after careful research and education have
3	been a proponent of the Highland Wind Farm project.
4	I believe it brings an immense means of economic
5	support to our community which in this current
6	economy is vital to our town's future. It also
7	takes advantage of our resource readily available in
8	our area: wind. Wind energy is a clean resource
9	that aids in reducing pollution, wind energy is cost
10	competitive and, in fact, one of the least expensive
11	renewable energy sources currently available.
12	The proposed Highland Wind Farm will bring
13	much needed jobs to our small communities; and on a
14	global level, by supporting wind energy growth, we
15	can hopefully limit our dependence on foreign
16	sources of fossil fuels.
17	In conclusion, I believe the benefits of
18	moving forward with the proposed Highland Wind Farm
19	in Forest, Wisconsin, far outweigh any negatives. I
20	would like to see this project move forward.
21	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you.
22	(Witness excused.)
23	(Discussion off the record.)
24	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let's continue on.
25	Jennifer Anderson.

1	JENNIFER ANDERSON, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
2	EXAMINER NEWMARK: So that's Anderson,
3	ANDERSON.
4	MS. ANDERSON: Yes.
5	EXAMINER NEWMARK: 1977 County Road P in
6	Glenwood?
7	MS. ANDERSON: Yes.
8	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other addresses or
9	locations you want to talk about or are concerned
10	about?
11	MS. ANDERSON: The 40 acres at 1977 County
12	Road P, that's turbine number 49 to the east. There
13	is a turbine directly to the west. And the O&M
14	building is across the road to the south of our 40
15	acres.
16	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
17	BY MS. ANDERSON: Again, my name is
18	Jennifer Anderson, and I have lived in the Town of
19	Forest for nine years. I grew up in the Town of
20	Emerald, which is the municipality touching the
21	southwest corner of the Town of Forest.
22	I grew up knowing current Town of Forest
23	residents through school, church, 4H, et cetera. I
24	grew up on a dairy farm. I milked cows to support
25	myself through college, and I even married the

milkman. Some of my best friends are dairy farmers. And I have a huge respect for the farming community because my life has always revolved around the farming community. I know how hard farming is, financially, physically, mentally, emotionally. And I believe what is harder than that is how this whole scenario has torn the farming community of the Town of Forest apart. And this huge tear in our community I believe comes from the lack of public outreach.

Jay Mundinger's rebuttal testimony dated August 19th, page 2, line 16, states, "Considering the number of presentations that were made to publicly noticed meetings at the town hall, Emerging Energies and Highland Wind Farm were clearly above board from the onset," et cetera, et cetera, and Jamie Junker's direct testimony dated August 30th, 2012, and all his exhibits dated August 30th, 2012, shows facts of no public outreach. And this lack of public outreach has, I believe, a large impact on public health that will change lives in the township forever.

I'm going to use one example of the Bob Miller family. They live at 2948 Highway 64. Bob has Parkinson's disease, and anyone who knows Bob

knows he has a huge sense of humor and would take the shirt off his back for anyone. Bob and his wife, Annette, have four grandchildren with one on the way within a few-mile radius. The Miller family is a nonparticipating dairy farm with many turbines surrounding the farm. Literally his entire farm will be covered with noise plumes.

Now, I'm not against being green. I recycle as much as possible, I watch my energy usage, et cetera. But there is a place for everything. And I'm not pointing out the whole concept of "not in my backyard." But why put them in a residential area, based on negative health studies? And I'm asking the PSC to please consider the negative health impacts that this will have on the Miller family and many other Town of Forest residents.

And I would like to submit to the PSC my current health survey. I am 35 years old and on two high blood pressure medications. My family genetics is not the greatest. My father passed away at the age of 40 of heart disease, my grandfather was 57, and my great grandfather is 45. And I'm not going to predict the future of my health status -- maybe I got my mother's genes -- but I do have health issues

1	that have the magaibility to make in an even greater
	that have the possibility to move in an even greater
2	direction.
3	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay.
4	MS. ANDERSON: Thank you so much.
5	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you.
6	(Witness excused.)
7	EXAMINER NEWMARK: So the witness has
8	handed me a survey entitled Survey Questionnaire
9	Forest Resident Information Health Survey dated
10	September 18th with her name and address. So we'll
11	put that with her comments. We'll file that with
12	the public comment exhibit.
13	Okay. We have Bob Tredinnick.
14	BOB TREDINNICK, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
15	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have your name,
16	TREDINI NICK.
17	MR. TREDINNICK: TREDINNICK.
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. 2044 County Road
19	P in Emerald?
20	MR. TREDINNICK: Um-hmm.
21	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other locations
22	you're concerned about or interested in?
23	MR. TREDINNICK: No.
24	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Go ahead.
25	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT

BY MR. TREDINNICK: I learned about the windmill project when it was first put in the paper that, you know, this company wanted to come up, talk about it. And when I first saw it, I kind of thought it was a classic example of, you know, a company coming in wanting to pit one place against another for development like large manufacturers do.

I was kind of surprise when had I got here and found out they were really seriously interested in putting up some windmills here. Didn't know anything about them. They had two or three other meetings after that initial one, and that's when they asked if I would be -- people at the meeting or if I would be interested in signing up or hosting one. And I signed up that I would be interested in it.

After that, you know, there is a long time went by, and I found out that at a future meeting that I would not be chosen or my land was not chosen to post a wind turbine. Shortly thereafter, I was approached to sign an overhang easement with the company. And that took about five or six months going back and forth before a final decision was made. But while that was going on, I knew someone that was opposed to the windmills that they actually

made the trip over and spent time at an existing wind facility. And frankly, I thought that was pretty smart idea. So I traveled down to northern Iowa, southern Minnesota, where I knew there was some wind farms there and hung around there for a while, not really analogous to the ones and the size they want to put up here. So recently, down in Cashton, Wisconsin, I noticed that they put up some towers that would appear to be the same size of what they want to put here. I didn't measure them by any stretch. But, you know, after, you know, seeing those, being around them, spending time with them, I did sign the overhang easement.

Our township has, you know, needs that the current board has identified. Frankly, I agree with them, whether it be roads, equipment, labor, whatever the case may be. And, frankly, that stuff takes money to do. We don't have a lot of business or industry being down, you know, the highway to develop or set up shop here in Forest. If we want to grow our community or expand or improve, we have one source, and that's taxing the people who live here. And whether it be through bonds or direct taxes, the wind development is going to give us an opportunity to have a nice way to either reduce our

1	taxes or at minimum hold them at the same where
2	they're at now, and still be able to meet the goals
3	of what the current town board has identified.
4	There's no doubt the windmills are going
5	to change the landscape. You know, I understand
6	that completely. I would never try to convince
7	myself or anyone otherwise. But the landscape's
8	changed hundreds of times over the years; and as was
9	stated earlier, I didn't realize I would be
10	repeating it, but as was stated earlier, it's simply
11	another change that is coming down the road, and I
12	think it will be quite beneficial.
13	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Well,
14	thanks very much.
15	MR. TREDINNICK: Thank you.
16	(Within excused.)
17	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Mona Karau, K A R A U.
18	MONA KARAU, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
19	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have you at 2643
20	Highway 64, Emerald?
21	MS. KARAU: Um-hmm.
22	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other locations or
23	tower locations?
24	MS. KARAU: No.
25	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay.

DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT

BY MS. KARAU: Let me read my statement.

Commissioner, my name is Mona Karau. My husband and I have lived on our farm in the Town of Forest for 32 years. My roots run deep here. I have been the town treasurer or 24 years. I also have been the organist for St. John's for over 30 years. I have worked for the federal Head Start Program in the community for over 25 years. I'm a bird watcher, a lover of nature, and I love the benefits of hunting.

According to the thorough studies that are required by the state, which Emerging Energies had to submit, prove that what I love about living here in Forest will not be compromised. I feel the proposed wind farm that Emerging Energies wants to build is a wonderful opportunity for the community, county and the state. Benefits I feel our community will see are local farmers who will benefit financially; to succeed, farmers need diversity. The town and county residents will benefit financially. There will be job opportunities, local businesses will benefit financially, the country will benefit by the green energy produced in the Town of Forest.

I hope that the Public Service Commission



1	will deem this a project that can proceed as planned
2	by Emerging Energies. And thank you for this
3	opportunity.
4	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you.
5	(Witness excused.)
6	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Next is Ray Smith.
7	RAY SMITH, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
8	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have you at 2338
9	265th Street in Clear Lake?
10	MR. SMITH: That's correct.
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other properties or
12	tower locations you want to talk about?
13	MR. SMITH: No. Is it all right if I
14	stand?
15	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I prefer if you sit, if
16	you don't mind. Unless
17	MR. SMITH: See, I was taught I was a
18	teacher, and I was taught that when you're teaching
19	you should stand.
20	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. What am I going
21	to say?
22	MR. SMITH: Somebody isn't paying
23	attention and you go over there and
24	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let's go off the
25	record.

1 (Discussion off the record.)
2 EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let's go ahead.
3 DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
4 BY MR. SMITH: All right. I have lived in
5 the Township of Forest for 26 years. And prior to

the Township of Forest for 26 years. And prior to that, I lived in Clear Lake for 17 years. Even though I've been in this area for 43 years, I'm still not a native. You have to be born here to be a native.

Anyway, Forest was a farming community originally. And now it has become more of a residential community. People from the cities have decided they didn't like the industrial complexes they were living in and, therefore, they came out to areas like Forest and bought land and spent a lot of money, built good houses and were very happy with it.

But now it appears that we are going to be regressing a little bit because of -- people have moved in and they expected it to be a residential community. Now it has been redirected to an industrial environment again with a proposal to build 41 500-foot towers, wind turbines; and if this happens, it'll bring to a halt of anyone else wanting to build and live in this area.

Now, where I live, I'm probably three-fourths of a mile from the closest tower. The value of these homes that people have built will drop, but the taxes won't, because it will take the same amount of money to operate the township plus an increase for inflation. And as you know, taxes are based upon the equalized value of the property times the mill rate. If the equalized value goes down, the mill rate goes up so you get the same amount of money. Now, if the citizens of the Town of Forest would have had the opportunity to vote on this issue, we probably wouldn't be here tonight. And it would be -- have been nice, this is looking back over your shoulder of course, that the town board that was in charge at that time had been much more forthcoming as to what was going to develop. just think, if we could have had a meeting like this three, four years ago, this would all have been settled and either we'd have towers or we wouldn't. But the people have never had the opportunity to voice their opinion up until now. Thank you. EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Thank you,

sir.

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(Witness excused.)



1 **EXAMINER NEWMARK:** Okay. Casey Keller, 2 KELLER. There he is. Okay. CASEY KELLER, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN 3 EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have you at 2719 4 210th Avenue in Deer Park? 5 6 MR. KELLER: Yes. 7 EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. You can go ahead. 8 DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT 9 10 BY MR. KELLER: I have several concerns 11 with placing these large industrial wind turbines in 12 the Township of Forest. It seems to me that 13 Emerging Energies has in the past kept the majority 14 of the town's people in the dark about their plans. It was not until after the former town board made a 15 16 deal with Emerging Energies that I heard anything 17 about wind turbines in our community. As an adjacent landowner, I'm confused as 18 to why Emerging Energies never contacted me to 19 explain their plans, how it would impact my family, 20 21 and try to alleviate my concerns or any concerns 22 that I might have. I did not receive a personal 23 invitation from Emerging Energies to get information 24 about the wind farm until a month after the 25 agreement was signed. I have not appreciated the

way they have intentionally divided this town and do not trust Emerging Energies to care for this township or its people.

So my first concern is with the integrity of this company and its ability to deliver on its word. Our home is within a quarter mile of a proposed turbine site, and according to Emerging Energies' computer model, we will get shadow flicker. When I voiced my concerns to them, they said they would mitigate this problem by planting trees in front of our windows or turning off the turbine during those times.

I want to be able to see out of my windows. I don't need more trees on my land. So that it is upon Emerging Energies to turn off the turbines during times of shadow flicker. But if they don't, then I have to monitor and document each time they violate their agreement. And if they refuse to do what they say, then I have to fight them on my own. Again, I do not trust Emerging Energies to do what they say.

My greater concern, though, is the fact that my wife and a daughter are both diagnosed with migraines. I also have a daughter who is on the autism spectrum with ADHD and a son that is

1	diagnosed with epilepsy and also ADHD.
2	In the Public Service Commission's letter
3	sent to me, it stated there are individuals that
4	suffer from problems caused by wind turbines, but
5	the findings are not statistically significant. If
6	my wife or one of my children suffer from the effect
7	of wind turbines being in such close proximity, it
8	will have a significant impact on our family. We
9	cannot afford to sell our home and leave, and we
10	will be stuck.
11	We have four wind turbines within a mile
12	of our home, one on each side. I'm scared of what
13	might happen if these turbines are allowed to
14	surround us and our community. Thank you for your
15	time.
16	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you.
17	(Witness excused.)
18	MR. SMITH: And I would like to submit
19	the the health surveys.
20	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Is that for all
21	the people you mentioned?
22	MR. SMITH: Yes.
23	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let me point out this
24	is for Joy Keller, it's dated October 3rd. And does
25	it include oh, okay, then your wife your wife

1	and children are on there as well. It's two pages,
2	for the record. Okay. Well, thanks very much.
3	MR. SMITH: Thank you.
4	EXAMINER NEWMARK: We'll put that in the
5	record.
6	(Witness excused.)
7	EXAMINER NEWMARK: We have two names on
8	here, so we can take them one at a time or if you
9	want to decide who wants to speak. But Lorna Tiberg
10	or Rick Tiberg.
11	MS. TIBERG: I'm Lorna.
12	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thanks for clarifying.
13	LORNA TIBERG, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
14	EXAMINER NEWMARK: It's Lorna Tiberg,
15	T I B E R G. And I have you at 2017 County Road P
16	in Emerald. Any other locations you want to talk
17	about, that you're concerned about?
18	MS. TIBERG: No.
19	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
20	BY MS. TIBERG: Yes. I'm Lorna Tiberg,
21	and my husband is Rick Tiberg. He's lived here his
22	whole life. I've lived here for the past 30 years,
23	and we live in the Township of Forest. Our oldest
24	son went to a college up in Northland in Ashland,
25	Wisconsin, that had a wind turbine on campus. He

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spent three years there. The wind turbine supplied electricity for the apartments, the townhouses that were on his campus; and that's when we first were introduced to wind energy. And we thought back then what a great idea. So when the opportunity arose for our area

to produce power from wind turbines, we were all for We felt it was a great opportunity to bring revenue to our township and our county.

We've heard a lot about different health reasons people have had. And we have another son who runs cross country, and he was running on campus where there was another wind turbine. And so that day that we were at the track meet, we decided to talk to some people about how they felt about it. And they said there wasn't any ill feelings they were feeling as a result of the wind turbine that was there.

So from our perspective, we felt that it is a safe form of power, and we feel we need green power in our area. And we back this project 100 percent.

> **EXAMINER NEWMARK:** Thank you, ma'am.

(Witness excused.)

EXAMINER NEWMARK: And, I'm sorry, Rick



1	Tiberg, would you like to
2	MS. TIBERG: That's my husband. He's not
3	here.
4	EXAMINER NEWMARK: He's not here. All
5	right. Kevin Lombardo. L O M B A R D O.
6	KEVIN LOMBARDO, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
7	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have you at 2621
8	County Q in Clear Lake?
9	MR. LOMBARDO: Yep.
10	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other locations
11	you're interested in, want to talk about?
12	MR. LOMBARDO: No.
13	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Go ahead.
14	MR. LOMBARDO: I've got a statement here.
15	I'll just kind of paraphrase it. It's not so
16	EXAMINER NEWMARK: That'll be fine.
17	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
18	BY MR. LOMBARDO: I am Kevin Lombardo. I
19	purchased 88 acres in Forest 12 years ago and built
20	a house and I've lived here since. I'm not an
21	opponent of wind turbines per se. But I do oppose
22	the Highland Wind Farm in its proposed state. The
23	setbacks of 1,250 feet from a residence or 550 feet
24	from a property line are just way too close in my
25	opinion.

Now, since the turbine debate became active in Forest, like a lot of other people, I went and researched it. And I try to keep an open mind on it because you can go online and you can look up information; and you can say problems with wind turbines in your search engine and you will get a list of problems, or you can say what's great about wind turbines and you will see what's great about wind turbines.

There's tons of information out there.

There are people who will say they live by one and it caused a lot of problems. There are people who say they live by one, caused no problems. What proves to me is that we don't know yet, especially with turbines this size.

I searched to try to find where a long-term study was done with this large of a turbine, with this kind of an output, with this many in one area and this close to residents. I really couldn't find anything. It doesn't mean it doesn't exist, but I couldn't find anything. Everything that I find, everything that people point me to, turbines are much smaller or they're much further away.

Like I said, what that means to me is we

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don't know. Now, I'm not an opponent, but I am a proponent of a moratorium regarding the building of the turbines in Forest. I'd rather see us act responsibly, perform due diligence, and actually make sure that these do not cause health problems. And I know there is a lot of people who come up and say we've got the studies now. Well, how long have these large wind turbines been around? there was a time when lead in paint was acceptable or using asbestos was acceptable. Now, I'm not saying that wind turbines are as harmful as this. But wouldn't the responsible thing be to actually wait, do the research, and make a positive, definitive decision based on definitive proof?

I hear -- sometimes when I present that argument, I hear the argument back and I heard it earlier tonight that we need these now, we need to solve an energy problem, we need turbines now, or you know, this is a solution, we need to start getting solutions implemented now. And my question is, is if we need something so badly that we need to just do it now and force it upon a number of residents who don't want it or where the majority do not want it, is this really the best place? I mean, if you're going to make a bunch of people mad, then

you should get the best bang for your buck. Why do it here? Is this a special place in Wisconsin that is the most efficient, that somebody took a map of Wisconsin and said this is the area, this is the place we should do it at because this is where we're going to get the best efficiency. My guess is no.

I think that the only thing special about

Forest is the fact that it wasn't under any county
authority as far as zoning, it was only local
government that handled zoning, which made it easy
to get the approval because there was a much smaller
audience that needed -- that you needed to get
approval for to get a wind farm implemented. So
just get some residents to host them, get the buy-in
of a small town board, and that's it. It was easy.
I think that's the reason that the proposal was
here. So when I hear things like we need to do
this, I don't understand why we need to put them
here, what's so special about this?

I heard some stuff before too, I guess I heard it earlier, about you know how -- just for an example, how Google has mandated that much of their electricity needs to come from green, a certain percentage. Obviously they don't say -- green does not mean wind, you know, it's not classified that

way. It's all one thing. So they don't say wind or solar. They just say green. And that's admirable, but... Another thing to point out is if you go look at Google's investment in green energy, the majority of it is in solar power; but when they do invest in wind farms, you take a good look at the wind farms they invest in, they invested in one in the Atlantic coast, in the ocean, it is not near people. They invest in one in the Mojave Desert, there's no people there. They invested in one in North Dakota. Now, there's some people there, but it's rather sparse.

I think that everyone here would love to see a wind turbine farm where there's no people. I mean, we don't -- we're not opposed to wind turbines, we're opposed to them right next to our houses. And the majority of the residents feel this way. They're worried about their health and their property values. And there is a lot of arguments about property values; and all I can say is if there is a turbine near your house, there is going to be less people interested in your house as far as purchasing it. Whether it's -- whether they have valid concerns or not, there are going to be less people interested in your house. The basic

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economics say law of supply and demand, if less people are interested, you cannot charge as much. Your real market property value will not be as much. You know, it will not be as high.

So there's a lot people who are worried about it. And, you know, we say there is a majority. Well, the proof of that, I guess the best proof we can show is that in the election, there was a recall election in February 2011. A few months later in April 2011 there was a regular election. In that election, all three town board seats were up for election. When looking at the results, the closest margin, the closest percentage ratio was 59 percent to 41 percent. The rest were in the 60 to 65 percent to 35 percent range. In these elections, I mean, you say they're for town board seats, but they're really -- they are about this issue. And I think you can -- that proves that the majority of people in this township are against this farm in its current proposal.

So I guess that's it. My opinion is this shouldn't be built until we know the actual effects of this size turbine in this proximity to people.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Well, thanks very much.

1	(Witness excused.)
2	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Nicki Sunday.
3	NICKI SUNDAY, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
4	EXAMINER NEWMARK: That's Sunday, S U N-
5	D A Y, 2839 County Road Q in Clear Lake?
6	MS. SUNDAY: Correct.
7	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And any other property
8	or do you want to point to a turbine location you're
9	concerned about?
10	MS. SUNDAY: No, they're all bad.
11	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
12	BY MS. SUNDAY: I'm a Forest resident, and
13	I live about seven-tenths of a mile from the nearest
14	turbine, and it's concerning to me no matter how far
15	you live from one in Forest Township.
16	I think that the evidence kind of follows
17	turbines to your health effects. You know, you look
18	at some of these farms, and some people it doesn't
19	effect and consider yourself lucky. You know, those
20	of you that it does affect, what do you do then?
21	You know, the studies say they're inconclusive. I'd
22	hate for Forest residents to be the ones to make the
23	studies conclusive.
24	I don't want to see it happen. I don't
25	want to you know, it's already hurt the township

enough that to have these health effects would be devastating. And at that time, what do you do then? They're here. You just don't take them down. It's too late. I think that the studies need to be done beforehand, before 41 500-foot turbines come to the town and then there is nothing you can do about it.

You know, I'm also concerned with the property value. There's lots of arguments on it, it can go this way, it can go that way. But, you know, I'm following Kevin's comments, common sense. You know, you look out your window and you're surrounded by wind turbines. There's not going to be the people that want your home anymore. We've spent -- most of us have spent years building up -- you know, it's the American dream, owning your home, putting the equity and having something in the end. And to have people come in and just take it right from you and say, sorry, it's going to put money in my pocket, let's go green, that is just not fair. You know -- sorry. Pregnancy, a little emotional.

I just think that it needs to be really considered. I think that they're too big, there are too many, there is just -- there's just too much. I have kids, I have one on the way, and the health effects are scary. I mean, I'm scared to find out

what would happen. But if I sell my home, it doesn't matter anyway because I'll have nothing to go for anyway.

You know, there's so many problems with these things, you could talk all day and all night. And, you know, the effects on the animals, our national bird, you know, and other creatures; and we're going to throw it out the window for a percentage markup on our go green scale? I mean, that's preposterous. I mean, there's other ways to go green besides putting up 41 500-foot turbines in our backyards. You know, I don't get it. I don't get how somebody could just say collateral damage, sorry about your luck.

You know, it's just not fair. And I just -- I'm asking you guys just to consider all the stuff and consider the people and consider if it was your families and just vote no. I just -- there is a way to go green, and this is not it. There's other ways, there's other things we can do. I understand the need. I'm not against turbines in general. I'm just against 500-foot 41 in my backyard. You know, everywhere you look. And people say, oh, it's not going to be as bad. I don't think people understand how bad it's going to

1	be. I mean, these things are like skyscrapers and
2	we're going to have 41 of them. In a rural town,
3	agricultural. And you can claim agricultural. They
4	are not agricultural. I mean, it's not going to
5	give me any food. It's not going to give me you
6	know, I mean, harness the wind I just think is a
7	great idea. But I don't believe this is the right
8	way to go about it.
9	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you, ma'am.
10	(Witness excused.)
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Nancy Wilson. W I L-
12	S O N.
13	NANCY WILSON, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
14	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have your address
15	2971
16	MS. WILSON: State Road.
17	EXAMINER NEWMARK: State Road. Okay.
18	Yeah, I should have known that. 64, Emerald. And
19	besides that, any other properties you want to point
20	to, any turbine locations you're concerned about?
21	MS. WILSON: No.
22	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Go ahead.
23	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
24	BY MS. WILSON: I just want to say I'm
25	very concerned about this project. We have rights

that were not considered by the wind developer. We weren't really given a choice or consideration by how the project came about. We just weren't included. And basically our rights were taken away. And I just really feel that, as has been shown in other wind farm projects, that I'm -- that property values are going to go down. You know, like others have stated, I'm just very concerned that everything that we've worked for, everything that we've put into our properties is -- it's just going to render our properties useless.

I mean, we're going to be -- you're talking about stray voltage, you're talking about ice throw-off of these things. Obviously the hazard of fire. And I realize that there's fire suppression systems within the turbines, but they also put off toxic fumes for miles.

So when you're talking about public safety, these are very serious issues that can't be taken lightly and can't be brushed past as just saying, well, this happens in other wind farms.

Well, we don't want that in our community. There's too many people here that it affects. There's over 650 people within the footprint of the project that this is going to affect, and everybody is going to

1	share these effects. It's going to be, you know,
2	spread throughout this community that there's going
3	to be property losses and livestock losses. And I
4	think, as has been shown in other projects, people
5	are going to have to abandon their homes.
6	And I think it's sad that this was done
7	really without our consent, without our knowledge
8	and without our opinion. So I just want to say I'm
9	opposed, and I hope you consider what the majority
10	of the people here are saying.
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thanks very much.
12	(Witness excused.)
13	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. It's Mark and
14	Audrey Maes, I guess, M A E S. We can take either
15	one. They left? Well, they have a written comment
16	here as well. So we'll put that in the written
17	comments.
18	Okay. John Strom, am I saying that right?
19	Or is it are you there? Or is it Storm? Strom?
20	Okay. Thanks. It's S T R O M.
21	MR. STROM: S T R O M.
22	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thanks.
23	MR. STROM: I have a statement.
24	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Great. Thanks.
25	JOHN STROM, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN

1	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have you here living
2	at your mailing address is 3159 200th Avenue in
3	Glenwood?
4	MR. STROM: Glenwood City.
5	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Yes. And are there any
6	other locations, properties or turbine locations you
7	want to point out?
8	MR. STROM: There's turbine locations just
9	to the north of our property, two of them, I
10	believe.
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay.
12	MR. STROM: And we have no other property.
13	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Go ahead.
14	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
15	BY MR. STROM: My name is John Strom. I
16	live in the Town of Forest, St. Croix County,
17	Wisconsin. I live within the proposed Highland Wind
18	Farm project area. There are many voices providing
19	testimony, comment and opinion from many
20	perspectives. However, perhaps the most important
21	voices are the ones from the 600-some residents of
22	Forest.
23	You may have observed some protests
24	regarding this proposed project. The reason for
25	protest is their voices are hard to hear. Some are

afraid to speak out, some have been harassed or bullied. The process has rules and steps that appear to favor only one side. Beginning with insufficient setback and, finally, in providing expert witness compensation for just one side.

The issue of significant loss of property value is a major concern. The families and residents of Forest have a significant investment in time, money, blood, sweat, tears, and hard work in their homes and property. For most working families, the home and property is the major or only investment for retirement. To have a proposed project turn an agricultural and residential area into an industrial project area will wipe out or severely degrade the value. Since the proposed project area has many small parcels and many residents, the impact is elevated.

In similar situations elsewhere, real estate firms were loathed to even list the properties because of the immediate negative buyer response. Some families have been forced to sell at a huge loss or abandon property because of tax or decommission cost. This negative financial impact has already happened around the country and even in Brown County, Wisconsin.

1	In a fair business project, a great wind
2	location would be selected and properties would be
3	purchased at prior market value. Neither is the
4	case here.
5	The new bridge between Minnesota and
6	Wisconsin at Stillwater represents a huge
7	opportunity for residential growth and development.
8	That opportunity will be lost to this part of
9	Wisconsin and the Town of Forest property owners
10	with this kind of a project. It is frightening to
11	observe an industrial project which sweeps aside the
12	property rights of so many in order to provide rich
13	rewards for so few and to have so many tax dollars
14	help do it.
15	This proposed project is not a public
16	convenience or necessity. We respectfully request
17	that the Public Service Commission deny the Highland
18	Wind Farm proposed project. Thank you.
19	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you.
20	(Witness excused.)
21	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. You might have
22	to help me out on this one, it's Brad Hassel?
23	MR. TRAASETH: Traaseth, right?
24	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Yeah, okay. We'll see.
25	You're at

1	MR. TRAASETH: 938 Monette Avenue.
2	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Monette Avenue, okay.
3	Excellent.
4	BRADLEY TRAASETH, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
5	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Spell your name for us.
6	MR. TRAASETH: BRADLEY, TRAASE-
7	T H.
8	EXAMINER NEWMARK: 938.
9	MR. TRAASETH: Monette.
10	EXAMINER NEWMARK: In what town?
11	MR. TRAASETH: New Richmond.
12	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Great.
13	Okay. And in terms of this project, any particular
14	property location?
15	MR. TRAASETH: No. No. Not here.
16	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right.
17	MR. TRAASETH: I wish I did.
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Go ahead.
19	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
20	BY MR. TRAASETH: I wish I did, though.
21	First of all, I'm an industrial electrician, and
22	I've built hundreds of wind towers. And I'm also a
23	single father. I lost my wife on May 2nd, and I had
24	to quit working on the road.
25	Every day that you get up in the morning,

what's the first thing you do besides probably go to the bathroom? You hit that light switch and you got power going to your light. Where do you get that power from? Nobody cares, nobody knows. Probably some other wind tower or power plant somewhere else.

We're all Americans. We need to be on our own. We need to make our own energy. We can't be dependent on other people. And we all need to do our part to do that because when you hit your light switch in the morning and you guys -- some of you guys are opposed to it, and I respect your opinions, everybody, and everybody's being very good tonight because there's a lot of -- I know there's a lot of tension between a lot of people that -- knowing people for years here.

But, like I say, every time you hit that light switch, that energy is coming from somewhere. It might be Iowa, might be California, because I've done wind towers in Iowa, I've done them in Minnesota, I've done them in California down by San Diego. And just because you're putting a wind tower up here and the energy is going somewhere else, you're still helping America be green. And green is good, you know; and I don't want to get all caught up in green, but being an industrial

electrician, I guess I'm a little bit biased, you know. And I'm probably a little bit biased because I would like to probably have a job here, you know. I gotta support three children, and I mean I -- it's a tough subject on both ends of the spectrum; and I respect everybody's opinion, yours too, you know.

But when you go to milk your cows in the morning or whatever you have, you hit your power, and that power is coming from somewhere, you know. It might not be here, but it's coming from somewhere in America. And those people are being affected just like you guys are going to be affected here also.

Gosh, I don't want to rub anybody the wrong way; but I think we all need to do our part as Americans to support us or them in the other states, wherever we are. So I could probably go on for days, but I think I said my peace, and I hope that you guys all come to an understanding here. And if they have them or if they don't have them, I hope that you guys can all mend the heartaches that you guys had some friendships with for a long time who have different decisions or thoughts than you have. So that's all I got to say.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Thanks very



i	
1	much.
2	MR. TRAASETH: Thank you.
3	(Witness excused.)
4	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Jolee Buhr,
5	BUHR. Jolee, JOLEE.
6	JOLEE BUHR, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
7	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And your mailing
8	address, 3116 County Road Q in Clear Lake?
9	MS. BUHR: Yep.
10	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other properties or
11	turbine locations you need to talk about?
12	MS. BUHR: No. We're in the middle of
13	turbines, but I'll talk about that in here.
14	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Go ahead.
15	MS. BUHR: I'm really nervous.
16	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Take your
17	time. We're all here to listen.
18	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
19	BY MS. BUHR: As we were deciding what we
20	would include in our statement, several ideas ran
21	through our minds. We thought we could write about
22	statistics and the lack of studies completed
23	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay, ma'am. Slow down
24	a little. Her fingers are going to burn off.
25	MS. BUHR: (Continuing) negative

environmental impacts that our township has very 1 2 clear numbers that show the majority are not in favor, that Emerging Energies has been dishonest, 3 and the list goes on. 4 5 **EXAMINER NEWMARK:** Slower. Take a deep breath. There you go. 6 MS. BUHR: But we decided to go a 7 different route. We decided to focus on how this 8 will specifically impact our family, a topic very 9 10 near and dear to our hearts. 11 EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Just take a 12 break between paragraphs. No, come on, this isn't 13 is easy thing to do. 14 MS. BUHR: We moved here in 2007 to be in 15 the country, to live quietly and peacefully, intending to the spend of rest of our lives here and 16 17 raise our children. We currently have two sons, age six and four. Without going into too much personal 18 detail, a member of our family suffers from a mental 19 health issue, one which I will choose not to 20 21 divulge. His symptoms include extreme 22 hypersensitivity to sound and sleep disturbance. 23 already suffers from this. To think his reaction to 24 these could possibly get worse is a nightmare. 25 This is a daily struggle in our house.

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The lack of sleep, which he already suffers from, amplifies it. Our family has in place a daily structure to help with this. There is not much more we could put in place to help.

Wind turbines could possibly make things worse for him. Seeing your own child suffer as you helplessly watch is the worst thing a parent can experience. Even though this is only a possibility, the thought of it becoming a reality tears at my I also suffer from migraines. I've been heart. hospitalized twice in the last four years. The last one included a helicopter ride and a two-day stay at They leave me visionless and my limbs become numb. I already spend enough of my time with migraines. Spending more because of the possible effect of turbines is unfathomable. Again, erecting these turbines with the possible risk is not something I would want to make a bet on.

In the research we have done on turbine studies, many of them cite insufficient evidence when referring to a linkage between wind turbines and negative health effects. This does not mean it does not exist, although some interpret it as that. It means that not enough studies have been done to be accurate. This is not something we are willing

to roll the dice on.

Our most important role in life is being parents. Our job includes protecting our children, providing for them, being good role models, helping them grow, and giving them skills to be productive members of society, to name a few. I will not chance their well-being for someone else's pocketful of green.

I urge you to ask yourself that same question and attempt to see the situation from this perspective, and to go a step further, perhaps your children do suffer from health issues related to the turbines. We are literally stuck. It would be unethical for us to sell our residence so someone else can inherit these possible conditions. Our property value will greatly depreciate. We are stuck. We have worked way too hard to get where we are today to risk this.

As a government entity, the PSC has an obligation to serve and protect. If health issues are even a remote possibility, this is not protecting us. In the PSC's mission statement directly off the website, it states that they are an independent regulatory agency dedicated to serving the public interest. Based on the numbers of

non-supporters in Forest Township, it would not be in the public interest to erect these industrial wind turbines.

At our residence, we will be within six-tenths of a mile of four turbines, possibly five if the alternative site is utilized. The closest one sitting 1,430 feet away will be the view from our front window. We will be surrounded by these structures. I enjoy our landscape.

Do not underestimate the people's concerns, including ours, of the physical existence. We have a beautiful landscape. This should be taken into consideration and not deemed unimportant. This is not simply an annoyance. It is a personal opinion of the majority of our township that these will destroy and litter our landscape. Physical appearance matters to everyone, whether it is the color of the siding you choose for your home or the size jeans you wear. Not to mention it will greatly impact our home's resale value, again, because physical appearance matters.

The bottom line is we don't know for certain if and what the side effects of turbines are because enough research has not been done. Please, meet us in the middle and allow time for more

1	studies to be completed before putting the residents
2	in jeopardy. Life is precious. Please side with
3	the many residents opposed to wind turbines. Our
4	well-being is in your hands. So please consider us
5	when making this critical decision.
6	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you, ma'am.
7	(Discussion off the record.)
8	(Witness excused.)
9	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. So for the
10	record, Jolee Buhr handed me her Survey
11	Questionnaire Forest Resident Information and Health
12	Survey, dated September 20th. Okay. And it's
13	she administered the questionnaire and the
14	questionnaires of Dustin Magee at her residence. So
15	that's five pages altogether.
16	Okay. Kevin Salseg, S A L S E G.
17	KEVIN SALSEG, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: You're at 2969 210th
19	Avenue in Emerald?
20	MR. SALSEG: Yes.
21	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other properties or
22	turbine location you want to point out?
23	MR. SALSEG: Just number 18 which is
24	southeast from us and then ten more that are
25	surrounding us.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Great. Thanks.

DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT

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I kind of want to start BY MR. SALSEG: out by saying with all the wind jobs that they keep talking about that have been coming in, can you really count them as good employment opportunities or are these just all temporary? Wind developer Emerging Energy keeps telling us about all these jobs, but what they don't tell us is there's only going to be six, seven or maybe eight that are actually permanent. And those might not even belong to residents at Forest at all. So, I mean, can you really consider these as good employment opportunities for people who are laid off or were looking for jobs in general, or would you just consider them a temporary fix to brighten up what is a very dark situation, actually?

Another thing that they keep promising us is a decent amount of money for the township, roughly \$170,000 a year, roughly, and a little bit less than that for participating landowners, and basically nothing for nonparticipating landowners who are going to have to deal with these industrial scale turbines. Would this be more masked as a good gesture towards the participating and

nonparticipating landowners, or do you really think these dollars would cover the property damages that it's going to have towards our houses and livestocks?

Most of us -- oh, not most of us, but some of us have made our homes here and others of us have lived here our whole lives, well, at least in my case all that I can remember. Do you really think that's fair for them to take this away from us? Our property values.

They also say that wind turbines are one of the best forms of renewable green energy, green energy, and everyone tends to believe that. But for that to be somewhat true, they would have to be rotating 24 hours a day seven days a week 365 days a year as fast as they possibly can. I mean, to take all the -- to achieve all the energy. But we all know that there's days when the wind doesn't blow, and then we all know that the other days the wind isn't blowing as fast as it possibly can. So, I mean, let's just say that the wind did blow as hard as it could all the time. Even then there are forms of green, renewable energy that are much more efficient. A few examples, hydroelectricity, radiant energy, geothermal power, biomass fuel.

There's solar. There's many, many more. And I don't really think I need to go down that whole list of other types of renewable and green energy.

A lot of people also say that it's going to decrease our need for foreign oil and other fossil fuels such as coal. The amount of energy wind turbines would produce wouldn't even begin to put a scratch in the amount of coal that we would still need to consume. Because that is by far one of our main sources of energy. And it's just not going to put that much of a scratch in it.

And another thing that keeps being thrown out there is foreign oil. That wouldn't -- wind turbines wouldn't even make any difference in our consumption of foreign oil given the fact that wind doesn't power our cars or heat our houses. So -- I mean, as nice as that would be.

Another thing on this list would be health problems. A lot of people say that there's no scientific grounds to back up these health problems, and a lot of other people say that other people are making it up or they don't exist at all. Well, let's just all take a moment and just believe that for a second, that there is no scientific grounds behind these health problems. Then you'd have to

agree with the statement that, well, because there 1 2 isn't any scientific grounds to why we dream, dreaming doesn't exist. Okay. Also along that line 3 of logic, that because there's no scientific grounds 4 to let's say God, everybody would have to believe 5 that God doesn't exist because there is no 6 scientific explanation for that. 7 So, I mean, how about we all just have 8 9 some faith and believe these people who are actually 10 physically experiencing these health problems 11 because, just like God, these health risks are very, 12 very real. 13 I love my home. I've lived here my whole 14 And, as I said before, all my life that I can life. 15 remember. But more importantly, this is everything 16 that my parents have. Every dime that they own is 17 invested here, and every dime that I will one day inherit is also invested here. I don't think that's 18 fair that we have to lose all that so Emerging 19 20 Energies can turn a cruel profit. That's all I have 21 to say. 22 EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Thanks very 23 much. 24 MR. SALSEG: Thank you. 25 (Witness excused.)

1	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. It's 7:30.
2	I think we're going to take about a ten-minute
3	break. So be back at 20 to 8. Thanks.
4	(Recess taken from 7:20 to 7:40 p.m.)
5	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let's get on the
6	record. I'd like to call Nicole Miller, M I L L E R.
7	NICOLE MILLER, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
8	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. And you're
9	at 2948 Highway 64, Glenwood City?
10	MS. MILLER: I am.
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And any other
12	properties or turbine locations you want to talk
13	about?
14	MS. MILLER: I don't know the number of
15	the turbines, but we do have six of them surrounding
16	our farm. There's two on the south side of our
17	house will be and two proposed on the west side,
18	and then two on the north.
19	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Go ahead.
20	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
21	BY MS. MILLER: All right. Well, I'm
22	Nicole Miller. My husband, Josh, and I live on the
23	dairy farm with his parents and our son, Dillon, and
24	we have another one on the way. He's lived there
25	his entire life, and our plans are we're going to

take the farm over and keep the family tradition going. We are very concerned about this project, how it's gone down, and the effects that the turbines could have on us.

Starting off, the illegal actions that were taken by the former town board was just rightfully unlawful. The conflict of interest with each board member, the secret meetings, the illegal way Emerging Energies got on the town board meetings. And the project of that size, I mean, why were we never contacted? Why did no one ever come to us? We're farmers in the township. Why didn't you guys come to us and say, hey, do you guys -- would you guys like these -- you know, it's a good farming opportunity.

But no one ever talked to us until actually my brother-in-law came over one night and came over with a map. And that's the first we had heard about it. So we started coming to meetings then; and we tried asking questions, we tried asking a lot of questions, and we never got any answers.

And -- or we got the same answer: We don't know.

We don't know. We talked -- you know, tried asking all the guys from Emerging Energies, even our town board members, they couldn't answer, they couldn't

tell us.

To us that was a little shady. With a size that big, you would think that everyone in the township would have been contacted, let them know what was going on, the impacts it could have, but that was never done.

You know, we voted our -- the town board on so that they would have the town's best interest in hand -- in heart. And obviously they didn't. They had a one-track mind and that was so that they could gain financially from this.

And wind energy has not been proven to be able to support itself. If it could, why is it still needing subsidies to run? Businesses can't run if they don't have any money. No one is there to hand them it left and right. It's been -- you know, I'm not sure how long wind energy has been up; but if it's still needing money for this, then obviously it's not a good thing.

It just makes no sense financially to keep bringing the economy down with our tax dollars and -- just to keep it afloat. That makes no sense. No business can run like that. That's common sense. We want to know how our property values are going to be conflicted and how much they're going to go down.

My husband's parents, they have that farm so that they could retire on. They're getting close to retirement age. What happens if they -- these go up and come to find out they want to go and retire and say, well, sorry, but your property value has been cut in half, no one wants it. Well, you know, that's what they were looking forward to, that they've worked all their lives for and have someone come in and take that away without them even having a say? That's irresponsible, very. It's not fair.

You know, we live on the farm. We're going to take the farm over. I don't remember anything being in the application, anything about how they're going to protect domestic animals including our dairy cattle. We have around 150 head. No one from Emerging Energies, LLC, has ever come out to the farm to find out how many cattle we have, telling us, you know, that there could be stray voltage that could happen. We've asked them about it many times, and all they say is, well, we have to follow this and this; but they never have given an answer for us saying, yeah, we're going to try and help protect you from that.

So let's say our cattle start -- they don't produce milk. They get mastitis. They go

down, kill cows. We bring them in the barn, so they're in the barn most of the year. And obviously that's where electrical pollution is going to affect them. So who's going to come up with a cost of the money that we lose until that problem is taken care of?

We shouldn't have to suffer financially because we have no control over that. We need to figure out who's going to make up the money for that. And from listening to the technical hearings in Madison the last couple days, it sure as heck doesn't sound like Emerging Energies will take any type of responsibilities for that. So then who's going to step in and take responsibilities for our losses that we never had a say in until now, which we shouldn't even be here because if we had a say in it when we were supposed to, the legal steps we should have taken, we wouldn't even be here.

The health issues from these turbines is very scary to think about. I'm here kind of speaking for my husband's parents too. And between us all, we have our fair share of some health issues. They consist of Parkinson's disease that was just newly diagnosed, epilepsy seizure disorder, depression, anxiety, anxiety attacks, high blood

pressure, and insomnia. There's so many questions still out there about why the turbines are causing these health issues; and not everyone, you know, as the people have said before, not everyone's affected the same way by them.

So there's not enough -- there is still not enough studies to know how it's going to affect every person. So let's say my seizure disorder acts up because I have them, are they going to come in, are they going to turn the turbines off around us then? I mean, you're not going to be able to live there. So who's going to help pay the healthcare cost when our healthcare skyrockets?

We have our kids we're going to -- you know, we have a two-year old son and we have one on the way. And I haven't read much at all about how children are affected. Children to me are more susceptible to a lot of this stuff than we are. And if our children are negatively affected, well, there's trouble sleeping, trouble concentrating, or reading a book. And what if they start falling behind in school because some of this stuff is going on? Who knows, maybe there's stray voltage while we're down in the barn. The kids are going to be down in the barn with us. You know, it's slowly

going to creep up on us. And just to think of them being affected by this just scares the heck out of us.

Because there's -- we have to record it when it happens to us? That doesn't seem fair. Yeah, we will, of course we'll record our health issues and stuff. But to hear that these people have had to move out of their homes because nothing has been done to help them? That's ridiculous. We shouldn't be forced out of our homes. No one should have to leave their homes because of energy that's supposed to be helping us and, instead, it's hurting us.

We need more studies, especially with this size of industrial turbine this close to people's residences. We don't deserve to be guinea pigs for this project. It's not fair, no one should ever have to be, unfortunately, but they are.

We're outside a lot. I looked at the map again before I came in, and there's a turbine that's -- it doesn't have the -- where the land starts and ends, but there's one that's got to be just not much farther than a thousand feet from our fence line. Now, we have a trail that goes back there we ride four-wheelers with, we walk and we go

feed the deer. And, you know, it scares us to think that the PSC is going to approve this and allow us to be within 1,500 feet of this thing, you know, playing around, you know, whether the kids are back there, when they have no idea what it's going to do. If it could tip over, I mean parts fly. The ice throw. I mean, all this stuff. There's -- it's not safe.

There's no reason why we shouldn't be able to use our land so someone else can gain from it financially. What if we want to add onto our farm? What if we wanted to build a new barn? I guess there's restrictions on how tall of buildings we can put on our property. That's not fair. That's not ethical.

If the PSC approves this, they're telling me it's safe to send our kids out there to play and that, yeah, there's a possibility that they could get hurt, which with me that doesn't stand. They say they're going to mitigate things, you know, close the drapes or put trees up. Come on, common sense. There is nothing tall enough that's going to block them. We love to see outside. That's why we live where we do. We don't want our blinds shut all day long. With that comes depression, you lose your

vitamin D in your body. I mean, it's not fair 1 2 whatsoever. And we don't -- we do not support the 3 irresponsible siting that has been conducted in this 4 project. And we ask the PSC to take into serious 5 consideration the people of Forest and put yourself 6 in our shoes, make an easy, common sense decision 7 that this will bring nothing but turmoil to our 8 9 project. Don't approve the unknown and let us 10 suffer to find out what will come of these turbines. 11 And I also have our health studies and 12 it's for -- we both live at 2948 Highway 64. 13 EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. All right. 14 MS. MILLER: I would like to put those on, 15 and I know it's in our statements too. 16 EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let me just check what 17 we have here so we know. So there's just the two or 18 is there more? MS. MILLER: No, just the two. 19 So that's her and her husband. 20 EXAMINER NEWMARK: So we have a health 21 22 survey administered by Nicole Miller dated 23 September 28th, and that's five pages; and the same 24 survey administered by Annette Miller, September 25 29th, five pages as well. Thanks very much.

1	MS. MILLER: Thank you.
2	(Witness excused.)
3	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Now we have Pat,
4	looks like Scep Scepurek.
5	MR. SCEPUREK: That's me.
6	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. You know
7	who you are.
8	MS. KUSCIENKO: You got Kuscienko right.
9	MR. SCEPUREK: Hello, sir. I'm Pat
10	Scepurek. Glad to meet you.
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Glad you understood.
12	All right.
13	PAT SCEPUREK, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
14	EXAMINER NEWMARK: So spell your name for
15	us and
16	MR. SCEPUREK: Okay. First name, Patrick,
17	okay, R., Scepurek, S C E P U R E K.
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And you're at 2308
19	County Road P?
20	MR. SCEPUREK: Yes.
21	EXAMINER NEWMARK: At Clear Lake,
22	Wisconsin?
23	MR. SCEPUREK: Yes.
24	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other property
25	you're concerned about or turbine location?

1	MR. SCEPUREK: No. This is just my
2	residence and my farm.
3	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Go ahead.
4	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
5	BY MR. SCEPUREK: Okay. Like I told you,
6	my name is Pat Scepurek. My wife and I own a farm
7	at 2308 County Road P. And we have a Clear Lake
8	address, but we are in St. Croix County and Forest
9	Township.
10	And one of the things that concerns me is
11	of all the information and the comments that are
12	being portrayed and I'll give you an example.
13	Much of the testimony in the environmental
14	assessment report done by the PSC states or
15	starts, I'm sorry, with Highland states, Highland
16	says, as far as Highland, according to Highland.
17	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Sir, the audience would
18	love to hear you.
19	FROM THE AUDIENCE: I can't hear you in
20	the back.
21	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Speak a little louder.
22	MR. SCEPUREK: Do you want me to start at
23	the beginning?
24	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let's continue on.
25	Just be a little louder.

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MR. SCEPUREK: Okay. Much of the testimony that -- in the environmental assessment report done by the PSC starts off with statements like Highland says, as far as Highland, according to It appears the only information being Highland. considered is coming from Highland Wind. This project is owned by Emerging Energies, and that's the company behind the Highland Wind farm. can't remember the exact date, but they came to Forest Township and started this project basically in secrecy and, in my opinion, with deception, making a lot of unbelievable claims and promises to a certain select few folks.

Okay. When the project and the scope of it was discovered and brought out in the open for all the residents to see, we had a recall election. And that's how I got involved with the process. It was quite brief as far as our communications with Emerging Energies. They came to a town board meeting after we rescinded the right-of-way permits and the building permits and claimed that they have the right to sue the township.

A short while later, the township was sued for \$25 million. And what it amounted to was they wanted us to make -- they wanted to make us do

business with them their way. So what happens now is since that time, our local government, which is all of us here in this room -- and I want to add one thing, I'm so proud of the residents of Forest that at least now we've come together and understand what it means to have our American way of life. And so this is our cornerstone. Each and every one of us is entitled to an opinion, each and every one of us is entitled to be heard and no matter what side of this issue you're on. So we also should have the voice and the -- we all should be in control of our destiny at this level.

So now after saying all of that, now it's time for the Town of Forest to speak. First of all, the Town of Forest says no commercial or industrial development except in the hamlet of Forest, see our comprehensive plan. Two, according to the Town of Forest, all issues affecting the residents will go through the properly notified meetings of the planning commission, which is open to the public, and then the plan commission will review, make proper changes, and recommend to the town board a course of action. Three, the Town of Forest says the town board meetings are properly noticed, the agenda is posted, with any changes made posted 24

hours in advance. Changes will not be made or items not be added at or during the meetings.

Now, this town board member states, the Town of Forest encourages Emerging Energies, Mr. Mundinger, Mr. Ricosi, to contact the town clerk, get on the agenda, openly address the town board at any properly noticed town board meeting which is open to the public on all matters and issues that are in question.

As I looked at this situation, for the life of me, I cannot figure out why Emerging Energies is still here. Any sane company would pick up and leave when the true nature of their plans and the problems that arise are discovered. When they came up against all this resistance, they must realize that the town is not wholeheartedly behind it. There are a few dozen people that support this project, and there's a few hundred people that do not support this project.

Any legitimate company would set up shop where they would be welcome. And my only question is, could it be they're not welcome anywhere? They come in, they use all these computer projections and all these predictions on impacts; but the actual outcome may not be or probably isn't as predicted.

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They promise mitigation. When the project is sold, they no longer own it and it's not their concern at that time. So my only other question is could there be another plan, like a large utility fronting an independent power producer to intentionally bypass all the rules and regulations which are in place to protect us, the public.

So many questions left unanswered. So much deception still in place. No wonder so many people here don't believe what Emerging Energies has to say.

A long time ago when I was in the army, and this is many years ago, I took an oath as an American. To protect this nation and our way of life against all force. I never realized that the force could come from within our own borders. of our own people harming others within our own nation, and that's what threatens our way of life. You know, we open our town board meetings and recite the Pledge of Allegiance. And many of us in this room have been doing that for decades, 40, 50, 60 years. And it ends with with liberty and justice for all. And one of the reasons I'm sitting here is I really hope that these have not become hollow words.

You know, I've lived my whole life seeking fairness. I believe everyone should be offered same and equal opportunities. I don't like people being taken advantage of just because they can be taken advantage of. And I was taught that when you go through life, there are going to be those who didn't get the opportunities you did, who didn't find the breaks that you found, and also who are not as fortunate as you are. So now it's your responsibility to speak up when you see this and make all -- and do all you can do to make the situation right.

So now the Town of Forest is being taken advantage of by the greedy, by the slick-talking, by those who have more knowledge of laws, rules and regulations than we do. And they know how to use what they've learned to take advantage of others in this process.

It's up to you, the PSC, to make this situation right. Approximately 70 percent of the people in the Town of Forest do not want an industrial commercial development here in this township. The way the project was presented was basically unethical and illegal. So the only decent and logical choice is to deny the approval of the

1	Highland Wind Farm and have the State Attorney
2	General look into Emerging Energies' business
3	practices.
4	Now, in closing, one day I'm going to die;
5	one day all the people in this room are going to
6	die. One day the people on the PSC are going to
7	die. And I firmly believe in that moment in time,
8	we'll be in front of our creator giving account for
9	what we did and what we did not do, both good and
10	bad, both ethical and not, and what we did to help
11	our fellow man and what we did to harm them.
12	So I hope and pray that you can say at
13	that time that you did what was right for Forest.
14	Deny this project, protect us from the predators in
15	this business world that take advantage and harm
16	people. That's all I have.
17	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Thank you very
18	much.
19	(Witness excused.)
20	(Applause.)
21	FROM THE AUDIENCE: Sorry about that.
22	EXAMINER NEWMARK: You get one exception.
23	All right. Mrs. Swanepoel. Am I getting that last
24	name?
25	MS. SWANEPOEL: Swanepoel.

1	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Sorry about that.
2	MS. SWANEPOEL: It's Lorelei Swanepoel.
3	LORELEI SWANEPOEL, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
4	EXAMINER NEWMARK: State your name.
5	MS. SWANEPOEL: Lorelei Swanepoel.
6	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. And that's
7	SWANEPOLE?
8	MS. SWANEPOEL: P O E L.
9	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Yes. O E L. Right.
10	And that's 2915 210th Avenue, Glenwood City?
11	MS. SWANEPOEL: Yes.
12	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And any other address
13	or particular turbine location you have an interest
14	or concern about?
15	MS. SWANEPOEL: We have four to five
16	turbines within a mile of our home.
17	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay.
18	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
19	BY MS. SWANEPOEL: Okay. And I want to
20	start out with, I have a couple of pictures here.
21	This one was on Mr. Mundinger's testimony. It shows
22	children going down a path next to a cornfield. I
23	have another picture here, authorized personnel
24	only, Shirley Project, LLC. Danger, flying or
25	falling items from turbines can cause serious death

1 or injury. I thought that was very interesting when 2 I was over there. EXAMINER NEWMARK: So you took the picture 3 in Shirley? You said you went over there? 4 MS. SWANEPOEL: Yes, I did. Do you want 5 these? 6 EXAMINER NEWMARK: Yeah, I'll need those. 7 MS. SWANEPOEL: Good evening, Your Honor. 8 My name is Lorelei Swanepoel, 2915 210th Avenue, 9 10 Glenwood City, Wisconsin, 54013. My husband, David, 11 and I have each lived in Forest Township for over 60 12 years. We bought our farm 40 years ago this month. 13 It is at a midway point between where we each grew up. We have raised five children on this farm. 14 15 I was on the plan commission when the 16 Emerging Energies salesmen first came to town. 17 the very first plan commission meeting, they became When they felt that we had discussed their 18 request for a conditional use permit for a wind 19 measuring tower long enough, salesman Osterberg 20 21 stepped up and said, come on, all we want is a 22 conditional use permit. That was red flag number 23 one for me. 24 The next red flag came at a plan commission meeting when farmers who might be 25

interested in leasing their land for turbines had been contacted. As I listened to Emerging Energies, LLC, answer questions, I heard no question that should have evoked the belligerent response that we received from salesman Ricosi. Salesman Osterberg quickly stepped up to smooth over the discussion.

At that point, I suggested to the former leadership that the plan commission take time to visit areas with turbines and learn from communities with this experience before we became too involved. At least twice I was told when the Shirley project is up and running, there will be a bus tour. In hindsight, I feel this is what our former board had been told.

It was at this point that I felt our former board had no intention of learning the pros and cons. I felt it was time for me to get off the plan commission. I wasn't against turbines at this point. I was against the pushiness and the belligerence I observed in the salesmen. Not one person was honest with me about what was going on in individual homes or backyards. Only those involved in these discussions knew the true scope and size of the proposed project.

If a turbine issue was brought up at a



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gathering and I expressed any concern, the subject was immediately changed. As much as Emerging Energies, LLC, would like to take credit for the tour bus postcard to the Shirley project as public outreach, that postcard was sent after two members of the former town board signed the wind development agreement with the town board's blessing. That agreement was signed August 12th, 2010.

I believe in reducing our carbon footprint as much as any person in this country. I do not believe in taking advantage of my neighbors' quality of life for my neediness. The comment has been made about those without money from turbines being I personally have not heard an amount iealous. large enough to make me jealous. I find that usually people who think wind is our energy answer have never lived in the center of an industrial wind I've read much of the application, I've read all 200-plus public comments at least once. Of all the farmers that lease their land to host turbines for utility industrial wind farms, the question that begs an answer is why are there no positive comments from them about how great it is to live in the center of an industrial wind park, how the shadow flicker is great, how the noise is no louder than a

1	refrigerator? Where are the positive comments from
2	the farmers who know from experience? Thank you.
3	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Thank you,
4	ma'am.
5	(Witness excused.)
6	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Dena Cress.
7	EXAMINER NEWMARK: DENA, CRESS.
8	DENA CRESS, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
9	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I have you at 2257
10	County Road P in Clear Lake?
11	MS. CRESS: Yes.
12	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay.
13	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
14	BY MS. CRESS: I am Dena Cress, and I
15	reside in the Town of Forest. My husband, Brad, and
16	I have three daughters: Brook who's 9, Ellie 7, and
17	Cameron who's 2. When we first got married in 2000,
18	we looked for the perfect place to live and raise a
19	family. The opportunity came along to purchase some
20	land in Town of Forest, and we decided that this is
21	where we want to live and raise a family. It was
22	perfect. We both grew up in the country, we were
23	used to the quiet, rural living. This was a perfect
24	fit.
25	We bought the property, put in the sewer,

well, driveway and garage, and decided to put in a trailer home to live in until we could afford a home.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay, ma'am. Slow down a little.

MS. CRESS: We planned and dreamed about the house that we would build, and the dream finally came true in 2005 when we were finally able to build our home doing most of the work ourselves. There hasn't been a day that has gone by that we haven't been so grateful to live where we do. It is a beautiful area with an abundance of wildlife. Every morning, we watch the deer walk through our yard, the birds are eating out of the feeder.

Brad has been an avid bow hunter since he was a teen and has now gotten our older girls involved in the sport. They check the trail cameras with him, enjoy spending time looking at the buck scrapes and looking for buck shed. We spend the majority of our home time outdoors; and when we are in the house, we are looking outdoors. We have nine windows in our living room facing three directions just so we could see outdoors at all times.

If you come into our house today, you would see Brad's chair turned looking out the

windows where the deer cross, the spotting scope sits right on our dining room table, and a pair of binoculars laying on the kitchen island.

I'm very concerned that if the proposed wind turbines go up that our life will dramatically change. I'm concerned that the wildlife will leave the area because of the turbines. If we no longer have the abundant wildlife, it would be pointless to own the property that we have because we live here for the wildlife and for the scenery. I am concerned that we are going to have to keep our blinds closed in our living room and rarely be able to look out our windows because of the shadow flicker.

We are in the top ten residents in the Town of Forest that are going to be affected by the noise and the shadow flicker. I am afraid that we are not going to enjoy sitting on our front porch or even our back deck anymore because we'll have to look at the turbines on both sides of our home.

Another concern is lack of cell service that has been known to happen near turbines. If we don't have cell service, our business could suffer. That is my business line, and when I do most of my business calls is at home.

Our biggest and main concern is the health and safety of our three girls. We have heard of people having terrible pressure in their ears as well as sleep problems when they live near these industrial wind turbines. Our children suffer from motion sickness now. We are so worried that they will suffer, as others have, living next to the turbines. One of our children has problems with her ears. I even -- I hate to think about putting her through more pain if the turbines affect her as they have so many others.

Brad suffers from migraines. Are the turbines going to make it worse? I, myself, have been medicated for anxiety and often have sleep issues. I am worried that living in the middle of this industrial wind farm would just make our tolerable health issues intolerable. It is so sad to hear that other people living next to these that have to leave their homes because of the health issues.

I am concerned that quality of our life will change so much that we'll be forced to sell and move, which brings up a whole 'nother issue, the financial effects. If we're forced to sell, will our property value be less once the turbines go in?

Is anyone going to want to buy our house in the middle of an industrial wind farm? I'm concerned that our property value will decrease.

If we would have known that some day we would be living in the middle of an industrial wind farm, we would have never built our home in Forest. This breaks our heart that we would have to sell our home that we have worked so hard to build.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: You can take a break.

MS. CRESS: We had hopes that our children would want to build their homes on some of the land that we own. This hope is being shattered because even if we stay after the turbines go in, they wouldn't even be able to build on some of our land because of the setbacks.

How can three people push through a project of this size without a town vote? The majority of the residents in Township -- in Forest Township do not want this farm to go through. Why didn't we have a say? What is even more disturbing is that right now the fate of our township and life as we know it is in the hands of a panel of people who may have financial interest in wind energy and do not live near Forest.

I feel that there are far better places

1	than Forest to place industrial wind turbines. It
2	just isn't a good fit for us. A good solution would
3	be to site the wind turbines 1,500 feet from our
4	property line. This would not have an effect on the
5	neighboring property lines, and this would help
6	alleviate a lot of the issues with property rights,
7	shadow flicker and noise. Please consider this,
8	with great sadness. I have a health exhibit too.
9	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I'd like to take a copy
10	of what you read. Thanks. Dena Cress, you
11	administered this questionnaire on September 20th,
12	same health surveys like I accepted before. And
13	it's also five pages. Okay. And I'll take your
14	comments as well just to check and make sure she got
15	everything down. Thanks very much.
16	MS. CRESS: Thanks.
17	(Witness excused.)
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Ellen Ard, A R D.
19	ELLEN ARD, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
20	EXAMINER NEWMARK: You're at 105 South
21	Montana?
22	MS. ARD: Montana.
23	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Montana, New Richmond.
24	MS. ARD: Correct.
25	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And is there any

1 property or wind tower location you're concerned 2 about? All of them. 3 MS. ARD: EXAMINER NEWMARK: 4 Okay. Fair enough. DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT 5 6 BY MS. ARD: Good evening, everyone. St. Croix County, as you know, is one of the fastest 7 growing counties in the State of Wisconsin. 8 the completion of the Stillwater bridge project, 9 10 this will become one of the many super-highways 11 through the state. The County of St. Croix is 12 looking at a tremendous amount of growth in 13 residential housing and placement during this time 14 following the bridge. 15 The idea of turbines of utility scale coming into the Town of Forest is something that was 16 17 not reasoned with at the time that all of the cities 18 and towns and villages were putting together comprehensive plans, and the county, for the growth 19 of St. Croix County and the imminent growth from the 20 Stillwater bridge project. 21 22 Roads will be a major issue, given the 23 size and weight of the trucks which will carry the 24 equipment to the build sites. Our roads are not equipped for that tonnage. Anyone can check the

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St. Croix County Highway Department website to note that the tonnage is listed; and that in the spring and the fall, tonnage signs are placed on the roads requiring that if you are over that weight, you will not be utilizing these roads because they will not bear the weight.

This is a great cost and will be a great cost to road damage as road damage is not seen on the surface. Road damage happens in the sublayer of the road. And that is damage that you will not see. And thus far, Emerging Energies has not presented any resolution for dealing with damage to the roads which will be below the surface. Anyone who has worked with roads will tell you this is where the damage occurs.

At the August 6, 2012, Health and Human Services board meeting of St. Croix County, Bill Ricosi of Emerging Energies answered questions for the board on the proposed development of the Highland Wind Farm. I would like to submit to you at this time the audio recording provided by St. Croix County of that meeting in its entirety. You will find a time list of elements which Mr. Ricosi spoke on. This would be my testimony and it is also backed up by the minutes of town meetings

with the Town of Forest.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. So the witness

has handed me a CD that's marked HHS board meeting

August 6, 2012, and I'll review this and make a

decision on its entrance into the record.

MS. ARD: Thank you very much. During the board meeting, Mr. Ricosi was answering questions by health and human services committee members.

Mr. Ricosi stated that in 2007, work had begun on developing a project for Forest. In early 2008, Emerging Energies began attending regular town board and plan commission meetings.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: Ma'am, slow down, please.

MS. ARD: Oh, I'm sorry. Ricosi stated that in April of 2008, a wind development resolution was put together after a public hearing. I have not been able to find such a citation in the local or registered newspaper archives regarding said notice.

Mr. Ricosi stated that he had asked the town board if they could please move forward with the plans. The board responded that they would prefer that Emerging Energies wait until the April meeting as that was the annual meeting and more residents would be in attendance. Ricosi stated

that the wind development agreement in place at the time was basically the ground rules we are going to play by.

Mr. Ricosi further stated that after gathering information from the met tower, a company from Albany, New York, laid out the plans for 57 turbines in the Town of Forest on property EE had control over. Mr. Ricosi further stated that when he presented options for the development size to the town board, which included the option that a project over 100 megawatts would go to the state, Ricosi stated the town board replied, you know, we would like to go as big as it can be for our own income.

In August of 2010, Ricosi states that the resolution was brought forward at the town board meeting; and at the time, the town board chair was asked not once, not twice, but three times if there were any concern regarding the development.

Roger Swanepoel was the town chair at that time. He had recused himself from discussion due to conflict of interest. The statements made by Mr. Ricosi at the August 6, 2012, HHS board meeting called to question as to the timeline, public information output, open meetings violations, during this process. Emerging Energies, LLC, is considered

to be a merchant plant under Wisconsin Statute 196.491(3)(d)(2) and (3). A merchant plant is not an electrical utility and, as such, is not required to meet the standards of a utility in order to receive a certificate of public conveyance and necessity. Because of the merchant plant language, utilities that eventually purchase the development circumvent the rigid process that they would normally be held to.

Emerging Energies does not have the right to eminent domain as a merchant plant. However, eminent domain would be in vote, as it was in the Shirley Wind project, once a utility has controlling interest. Wisconsin is one of the few states that has maintained its original constitutional language; and within that document, there are several protections for the residents of Wisconsin.

In Article I of the Wisconsin

Constitution, Section 13, the property of no person shall be taken for public use without just compensation. There is no amount of money that can replace the natural landscape or the peace of mind that you have in your home. You can't buy that kind of security against a utility scale wind farm.

Under Section 14, all lands within the

state that are declared to be allodial and feudal tenures are prohibited. Leases and grants of agricultural land for longer than a term of 15 years in which rent or service of any kind shall be reserved and all fines and like restraints upon alienation reserved and any grant of land hereafter made are declared to be void. The lease agreement that Emerging Energies has presented and the limitations and prohibitions

of PSC 128 creates a feudal tenure in reverse, for both participating and nonparticipating residents of the Town of Forest.

Rather than running into the wind to develop alternative power sources of which we know little and have little scientific data, spending hundreds of thousands of dollars on litigation, and facing the possibility that individuals, the environment and the land values may be harmed, it does seem prudent that we should stop and take the time to evaluate the logic, safety and efficiency of wind turbines in Wisconsin. Thank you.

> EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you, ma'am.

(Witness excused.)

All right. Sue Riba, EXAMINER NEWMARK:

RTBA.

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1	SUE RIBA, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
2	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And we have your
3	mailing address as 1856, is that 310?
4	MS. RIBA: Um-hmm. 310.
5	EXAMINER NEWMARK: 310, okay, Glenwood
6	City. And any other address or turbine location you
7	want to point out?
8	MS. RIBA: We have four turbines that are
9	going to be within a mile of us. The closest one
10	might be a quarter of a mile.
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. If you could try
12	speaking up so the people can hear you in the back.
13	MS. RIBA: Sorry.
14	DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT
15	BY MS. RIBA: My name is Sue Riba, and I
16	live in the Town of Forest. I've lived here, my
17	husband, Dale, and I, for 40 years. And I want you
18	to consider tonight what do you consider priceless?
19	Think about that for a minute. Webster's Dictionary
20	defines priceless as extremely valuable, beyond
21	price, so valuable that it cannot be bought.
22	Would you agree that your family, your
23	health, and your peaceful country living fit into
24	that description? Maybe you have a friend or loved
25	one who is suffering from a serious health issue.

What would you give for them to be healthy? Often there is no amount of dollars that can buy your health.

The wind turbines that are being proposed for this Highland Wind Farm have had some serious health effects for the people of the Shirley Wind project in the eastern part of the state. This is significant because they are one of the only projects in the United States that have 500-feet-high wind turbines similar to the ones they are proposing for us.

Many of the wind turbine studies that are being quoted and referenced as safe for people are old studies that were done several years ago. The studies are based on turbines that are at least 200 to 250 feet shorter than the turbines that we are dealing with in the Town of Forest. They have been placed in very large fields in Illinois and Iowa, far away from residents. Many people there don't even live on their farms.

Wind turbines that are 500 feet tall have only been used and built very recently. Emerging Energies promised the people of the Shirley project that there would be mitigation if there were any health issues. On Tuesday in Madison, at the public

hearing, several residents were there to testify of their personal health problems. Sleep depravation, headaches, nausea, just to name a few. They stated that Emerging Energies has done nothing to help them. Their answer to these people, and I quote, is we are not responsible because we have sold the project. The project has been, in fact, sold two times already since its completion in 2010. What do you think this says for accountability and responsibility to the residents of the Shirley project? Would you agree that Emerging Energies has abandoned these people when they needed it most? Their health and well-being evidently doesn't seem to matter, does it?

It makes you wonder if they will stand behind the promises that they have made to the residents and the families of Forest. Our farm is nearing its 100th birthday. It's been a wonderful place for several generations, and it's provided a rich legacy of family and faith and peaceful country living and work ethics that you cannot put a dollar-and-cents value on. There's several other fine dairy farms and many families who also want to enjoy the beauty and the peacefulness that this area provides.

1	And we would like to ask the PSC, we know
2	that our future and the future of our children and
3	grandchildren, it's in your hands. And we would
4	like to ask you to reconsider the proposal to build
5	these 41 500-foot turbines in the town this
6	little Town of Forest. The value of the quality of
7	the life that we have here is priceless. Thank you.
8	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you.
9	MS. ARD: Your Honor, may I add to the
10	record, just to clarify, that I was in attendance at
11	those meetings.
12	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Hang on a second. Did
13	you need to hand me something?
14	MS. RIBA: No.
15	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Go ahead. Thanks.
16	MS. RIBA: I'm finished. Thank you.
17	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you. Off the
18	record.
19	(Witness excused.)
20	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Ma'am, please go ahead.
21	MS. ARD: My name is Ellen Ard, A R D, 105
22	South Montana, New Richmond, Wisconsin. I'm a
23	resident of St. Croix County. I was in attendance
24	at the August 12th, 2010, Town of Forest meeting. I
25	was also in attendance at the August 6, 2012, health

1	and human services committee meeting for St. Croix
2	County.
3	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Thank you
4	very much.
5	MS. BENSKY: Can I ask a question?
6	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Sure.
7	MS. BENSKY: How did you come to get
8	possession of the CD?
9	MS. ARD: I asked the county for their
10	recorded version of the day of the meeting.
11	MS. BENSKY: Is there a particular person
12	that you got it from, do you remember?
13	MS. ARD: I believe, after several phone
14	calls, I after several phone calls to the county,
15	first I tried the clerk of the county clerk, and
16	then I spoke with the secretary who then said we'll
17	have someone call you. And then I was called and
18	told that I could pick it up at the Health and Human
19	Services Center and it would be \$5.
20	MS. BENSKY: Thank you.
21	MS. ARD: You're very welcome.
22	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Dale Riba.
23	DALE RIBA, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
24	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And I have you at 1856
25	310 Street, Glenwood City?



MR. RIBA: Yep.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. And let me ask, any other property or turbine location you want to pinpoint?

MR. RIBA: No. Probably there's just four, four that are right east of me that are close.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay.

DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT

BY MR. RIVA: I'm definitely out of my comfort zone. I'm a dairy farmer and, as you can see, I don't have a clipboard, I just -- you fold it up and you bring it along. And I'd like to talk to the subject of mitigation of stray voltage on a dairy farm. I don't know if any of you have farmed or do it on the side or what; but by the time -- you have to understand that in a dairy herd, by the time it gets to mitigation, your herd is ruined. You've already ruined your herd, and then you try and go get a little compensation for it. And there's just no -- there's no getting that back.

You know, all my life I've bred cattle,
I've tried to take good care of them. And to have
the possibility of stray voltage would be tough on
me. It really would, and my family, and my son, and
my grandchildren. And it would also be tough on my

ability to earn a living.

And it's pretty hard to pass on a herd to the next generation -- and I'm, you know, I'm about ready to pass it on. It's pretty hard to pass it on if it's been negatively affected by stray voltage.

And remember, we are the dairy state, not the wind state.

So the next point that I have is I was at a town board meeting. And the town board at that time, the previous town board from what we have now, approved dues for the state towns association that they were a part of that. And I found out that the towns association was against industrial wind turbines in the State of Wisconsin.

So during the recall election campaign, a gentleman came to me that was on the previous board. And I asked him about that, I said why would you want to pay dues, why would you want to be a part of something that you don't go along with or you don't follow their recommendation? And he told me something that I don't think I've ever forgot. He said most of the other places have a lot of people, and you wouldn't want to place wind turbines next to a number of people.

And I think to myself that the majority of

1	the people in Forest Township are asking: Am I not
2	important enough? You know. Now, I'd like you to
3	look around at all the faces here, which families or
4	individuals don't have enough value that you are
5	willing to sacrifice their quality of life? Do you
6	think there's some here? I don't know.
7	Please, this is my this is my plea.
8	Please do your homework before you make us take the
9	test. Thank you.
10	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you.
11	(Witness excused.)
12	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. We have three
13	more people who submitted forms and selected that
14	they would like to speak. Are there any more forms,
15	any more people who would like to make a comment?
16	FROM THE AUDIENCE: Dale forgot to turn in
17	his health form. He's got it.
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Well, let's get off
19	record.
20	(Discussion off the record.)
21	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Back on the record.
22	This is W I E S E S?
23	MS. WIESER: Wieser. W I E S E R. My
24	handwriting probably doesn't help.
25	ROSALIE WIESER, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN

1	EXAMINER NEWMARK: State your name for the
2	record.
3	MS. WIESER: Rosalie Wieser.
4	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And let's see, the
5	property you're interested in is 2087 310th Street
6	in Glenwood City; is that right?
7	MS. WIESER: Glenwood City is the address,
8	but it's in Forest Township. There's three wind
9	turbines within excuse me, four wind turbines
10	within three-quarters mile.
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. And just let me
12	double-check. On your form your said you filled out
13	a sheet before?
14	MS. WIESER: I filled out one just like
15	that, only I didn't wish to speak, but I changed my
16	mind.
17	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. But you didn't
18	write a comment on it?
19	MS. WIESER: No, I didn't.
20	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I just wanted to be
21	sure.
22	MS. WIESER: And the address I just
23	moved, so my other sheet I think I messed up the
24	current address, the numbers in it, but this one is
25	correct.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Thanks. Go ahead.

MS. WIESER: My name is Rosalie Wieser, and my mom and my dad own land and live in the Township of Forest and will be greatly affected by these wind turbines.

Now, first of all, I want to state that my birthday is on October 1st, and I like to brag that it is always beautiful on October 1st. The leaves are just gorgeous, and we don't have to go anywhere to see those beautiful colors. We see them right here in the Township of Forest.

Now, you've seen paintings of those beautiful fall colors. Have you ever seen wind turbines in those paintings? No. Anyone who thinks that these wind turbines will not affect the landscape, that they're just like telephone lines or railroads, are just trying to put one by you.

Now, my parents -- well, first of all, what is the concept of green anymore? Hollywood has -- in my opinion has totally twisted that concept of green. They fly around in their jets and they party all night long; but hey, they carry around those bags that have green labels on the back. Or what about the political agendas? 10

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percent of Wisconsin needs to have green energy.

We're going to put money into that. Well, at what cost in our families' lives and what are we getting from it? Are we really getting renewable energy?

What's considered renewable? Can you take back the concrete? Can you put together the water table again? Not the way I understand it.

And my parents in my opinion are green. They lived in this -- they have lived in the Township of Forest for over 40 years. They raised us kids to appreciate the land. I have lived outside. I did. We didn't go -- we went outside when it was light out and we didn't come back in until it was dark. And I feel sad because my husband and I work in the -- you know, near town and we currently -- my husband did work in St. Paul, but we currently relocated to Brainerd, Minnesota. It's beautiful there too. But we can't afford to buy So I raise my 16-month-old daughter in town. She constantly points to the door; and she says yes, And I go outside as much as I can with her. yes.

It's not the same to raise your kid in the city. I visit home as much as I can. And she loves it. She says, grandma, I know what she wants, she wants to be outdoors, she wants to feel God's

presence. In my opinion as a Christian, that's what I believe. I never felt closer to God than when I am out in nature. Have you ever gazed at a sunset and felt moved, even if you're not a Christian, you felt this grand presence inside of you. No one can deny that. Even if you're not a Christian. You felt something great.

I would not feel that if I looked outside my parents' place and saw that sunset littered with turbines, I would not feel that. Have you ever woken up in the middle of the night and heard the coyotes call? I have. It's beautiful. I don't think I would hear that if those turbines were -- I don't mean to be disrespectful, but it's in my heart. I feel like they would just be littering the land. You would not hear those coyotes call, at least from the research I've done. Our animal population would be drastically affected.

Back to my parents. They love the land.

Yeah, they hunt and, yeah, we gaze at fields that
are man-made. But at what cost do you plant fields?

You gain from those fields. You feed your cattle
that you treat with love and respect. My husband
grew up on a dairy farm. To this day, you can see
passion for cows in his heart. He always treated

the animals well. He speaks of other great dairy farmers, and at least they get stuff in return. And I don't mean to call it stuff. I'm not the most educated or -- I feel like I'm educated, but I'm not the best in speaking it in words.

But my parents love this land, they treat the land well. I remember my mom always going for long walks to get away from all of us eight kids, all the noise of us eight kids. How else is she going to get away from us? Nice long walks to be with nature.

I just pray that you'll keep my parents' place intact so that I can continue to bring my daughter there. And like the gentleman said earlier, how many Sheila Lammi's and Joe Shoptin's do we need to shut down this idea of these wind turbines when, yeah, I may be ignorant in some ways, but I still don't understand how we can be here when in my opinion the town board or Wind Energies put the vote through secretly and with ulterior motives, disregarding the concerns of the Town of Forest as a whole.

If I was going to make a decision personally to put a wind turbine on my land, I would go out and seek everyone who would possibly be

1	affected because I would not want them to be feel
2	like their land or livelihood was compromised by
3	something that I did. Thank you very much, and I'm
4	sorry if I got emotional.
5	EXAMINER NEWMARK: That's quite all right.
6	Thanks very much.
7	(Witness excused.)
8	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Now we have Fred Horne,
9	HORNE.
10	FRED HORNE, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
11	EXAMINER NEWMARK: I just wanted to ask
12	you a quick question. It looks like you said you're
13	representing St. Croix County Health and Human
14	Services board?
15	MR. HORNE: I'm chair of that board.
16	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. Great. So your
17	appearance today is on behalf of the board?
18	MR. HORNE: Yes.
19	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Not you personally?
20	MR. HORNE: I'll say a little bit of both
21	then.
22	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Okay. If you just want
23	to let us know when you're switching one to the
24	other. And I have you at 215 North Third in New
25	Richmond?

1 MR. HORNE: That's correct. 2 EXAMINER NEWMARK: Any other property or turbine location you're concerned about? 3 MR. HORNE: It's basically all of them. 4 5 **EXAMINER NEWMARK:** Okay. DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT 6 BY MR. HORNE: Most of my comments are 7 going to be about the -- I want to make sure that I 8 9 introduce the minutes of the March 21st, 2012, St. Croix County Health and Human Services board 10 11 meeting and also the August 6th minutes of the 12 Health and Human Services board meeting. 13 EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Let me just 14 take that. 15 Actually that's my only copy. MR. HORNE: 16 I'll just summarize a little bit of basically at the 17 March 21st meeting, it was unanimous votes from the 18 Motion was introduced by Buzz Marzolf, who is a supervisor, seconded by Linda Luckey, who is 19 another supervisor, unanimously adopted that the 20 21 board approve the recommendation of the representatives of the Town of Forest and that their 22 23 four-part request made March 21st, 2012, and the 24 conclusion printed on page 9 of their presentation be honored. And basically what they were asking, 25

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the State of Wisconsin, basically a letter of official support of the Brown County Board of Health resolution, on behalf of the Town of Glenmore and the Town of Forest, in the State of Wisconsin, petition the State of Wisconsin to authorize and execute third-party non-biased health studies in existing wind energy projects areas to determine why industrial wind turbines make some individuals sick. I'm not saying that it makes everyone sick, but obviously it makes some people sick, at least from the testimony that we've heard. And to assist the Town of Forest and residents within the project footprint with a voluntary baseline population health assessment before and after, should the Highland Wind project be permitted by the Wisconsin Public Service Commission.

And, again, that was by unanimous vote at the March 21st HHS board meeting. And then as a follow-up on the August 6th meeting, which is where at this point in time I was the chair. At the March 21st I was not the chair. I was a member of the committee, but not the chair. At the August 6th meeting, Health and Human Services board basically were making it very clear that our involvement in this project is from a health perspective only.



We're not the authorities on wind studies. But from the testimony and the public comments that we had at that meeting, clearly there is concern about the health of the people living within -- basically the population living within these turbines. As was mentioned earlier by individuals, St. Croix County is one of the fastest growing counties in the state and it just -- we have concerns of more and more people being subjected to these large wind turbines if they are approved. So much so that one supervisor, Supervisor Hood, basically in our minutes wanted -- he indicated he would like to go on the record that there are health concerns with industrial wind turbines and houses should not be located in wind turbine areas.

So I just wanted to make sure that these are part of the record. My personal comment is I remember my father telling me many times when he was in Korea that part of his MREs came with cigarettes. Clearly the government was advocating that cigarettes were good for you or at least they were not harmful to you. Obviously, 50 years later we all know differently.

And so tying this back to the Health and Human Services board is I guess we have concerns of

1	we don't know enough about these wind turbines in
2	populated areas. As other people mentioned, they
3	don't want to be the guinea pigs, they don't want to
4	be the Petri dish, to find out 50 years from now
5	that wind turbines may in fact be a health concern.
6	So our position is we would like more
7	studies done before this project moves forward.
8	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Thank you very much.
9	MR. HORNE: Thank you.
10	EXAMINER NEWMARK: So I have both
11	MR. HORNE: Both of the minutes of the
12	August 6th and the March 21st.
13	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right.
14	(Witness excused.)
15	EXAMINER NEWMARK: So we have Sheila
16	Lammi, L A M M I.
17	MS. LAMMI: Lammi, yes.
18	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Just so you know, she's
19	my last form for speaking. So get your forms up
20	here if you want to speak.
21	SHEILA LAMMI, PUBLIC WITNESS, DULY SWORN
22	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right, ma'am. I
23	have you at 2087 310th Street, Glenwood City; is
24	that right?
25	MS. LAMMI: 2087.

EXAMINER NEWMARK: And is there any other property or do you want to pinpoint a turbine in particular that you want to talk about?

MS. LAMMI: Well, there will be four less than three-fourths of a mile around my home, and one alternate site is three-tenths of a mile. And, of course, they just spread out from there.

DIRECT TESTIMONIAL STATEMENT

BY MS. LAMMI: I -- well, the PSC

Commission will soon make a decision regarding the Highland Wind project. The wind industry special interest groups are pushing their agenda. I don't think they realize how negatively the residents would be affected. The PSC should not approve the project because the scientific studies are incomplete.

Placing an industrial wind complex in a populated rural setting would be using people as guinea pigs. Forest Township is home to 648 people in 36 square miles. There are less populated areas in Wisconsin with just as much wind or more. I actually found that on the website of maps showing the wind and the population of Wisconsin. And Buffalo County has more wind and less people, for example.

According to the Clear Tech Writer for the Milwaukee Journal on Wisconsin public radio,
September 2012 -- I happened to catch that radio program by accident, it was quite interesting. They were doing a study of putting service out over Lake Michigan because they recorded wind speeds of 200 miles per hour at 410 feet. The study was being done in conjunction with Michigan State, Wisconsin and Michigan. But it has been put on hold because of lack of funding.

But anyway -- I will talk about that again later. But if a federal mandate means putting wind turbines in -- he actually -- did I say this? He actually said that Texas and Iowa and Indiana and Minnesota are wide open and better resources. Did I say that already? Anyway, I'm getting tired.

So we should be spending -- we should be placing -- we shouldn't be placing millions of dollars and tons of cement into a project thinking we can remove them if it doesn't work out.

So why was Forest Township targeted in the first place? In a letter, The Rest of the Story, 2011, results of a survey sent to Forest residents was given as one reason that Emerging Energies began looking at the Town of Forest. And that survey

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never asked specifically about a wind industry complex. The question was the Town of Forest should pursue the energy alternatives as a form of economic development: A, biofuels; B, solar energy; C, wind energy; and D, other. Do you strongly agree, disagree, disagree, strongly disagree or no opinion.

So of the 258 surveys sent out, 152 were turned, almost 58 percent. And of those responding, 75 percent agreed with wind. And 70 percent also picked solar. And some others, 46 percent, picked bio and 12 percent picked other.

Well, I don't remember the survey, but I probably would have agreed with all four choices. Wind would have sounded good. After all, my uncles all used windmills to pump water on their dairy farms. And I know a man, a lawyer, Mr. Rebard, in Glenwood City, he had solar panels on his house in 1970s or '80s, I can't remember for sure how long ago it was. And I've driven by a private turbine on my way to New Richmond thinking that was a good I didn't even -- back when the survey was idea. out, I didn't even know large turbines existed. also I would have thought that the survey was about our own energy needs, not those of 30,000 households far away from here.

And, of course, the Town of Forest comprehensive plan, which has already been talked about several times tonight and this afternoon, and that plan supports this reasoning. It states, adopt renewable energy policies and practices as part of a strategy to meet future energy needs. I assumed this is the energy needs of Forest Township. The plan would even allow -- the plan would -- the whole plan would not even allow the Highland Wind project.

The vision statement is, in the year 2030, we envision that the Town of Forest will continue to offer the rural country setting, small town atmosphere, and well rated quality of life that it does today. Clean water resources, farmlands, forests and scenic open spaces will continue to offer residents the opportunity to enjoy the wide open spaces -- no, opportunities, I'm sorry, I skipped a line -- will offer residents the opportunity to enjoy the natural beauty and resources of the community.

I believe high turbines would destroy the scenic wide open spaces. And apparently others feel the same way. That Michigan project that I was talking about, they would place the turbines on floating platforms in the Lake Michigan waters 30

miles out from shore. Why? So they would not be visible.

Another part of the plan that would not allow the Highland project is under the economic development, it states overall -- this was talked about, again, I said by others -- other than agriculture, forestry, recreation and cottage industry, consistent with the community's rural nature, no new large-scale businesses or industry is desired in the Town of Forest, unless it is located in a designated area, in the hamlet of Forest or along State Highway 64, as designated in the future land use plan map.

Well, I think 40 500-foot turbines would certainly be large-scale industry. The Highland project would make other parts of the plan also difficult to implement.

Now, this one I don't think I heard yet.

Promote the town as a desirable location for organic farms. Nobody in my opinion would want to set up an organic farm surrounded by turbines and transmission lines. It may not even be possible. If we allow wind industry, we would be losing a chance to better feed our people. Growing food closer to the source of consumption improves the health of the citizens

and saves energy. Shipping food fewer miles would save gas, for example. In the book, The Meat You Eat: How Corporate Farming Has Endangered America's Food Supply, Ken Midkiff argues that raising food locally will improve the quality of life for both us and the farm animals.

Okay. I'm going to have to get a drink of water. Is that all right?

EXAMINER NEWMARK: Yeah. Let's go off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

MS. LAMMI: Okay. Both the results of the survey and the Forest plan suggests that we need to spend time and money looking for other sources of energy. Another thing by accident, I caught a public television show, Nova -- and I think maybe God is helping me because, you know, why did I -- I never watch this channel at that time time of night, so I think God's helping here somehow.

But anyway, on Nova, a scientist was -well, they were talking about all the alternate
energies, and including wind by the way. And I
noticed that the wind was -- turbines were up where
they're away from homes. And, anyway, then they
also talked about solar. A scientist was describing

his search for cheaper solar panel materials because that's the biggest drawback with solar is the price of the panels. And he was having success, maybe -- hopefully maybe you can catch the show.

Another scientist was trying to make more efficient solar panels by mimicking photosynthesis, which is a very clean energy process as we know. That's why we have plants growing in our houses. And he was having some success with that. So solar energy does look promising. And other alternate energy sources are improving as well. Who knows what the future holds?

More importantly, too, we must not forget about conservation. And I don't see people really, really doing as much as they could. And according to Nuclear Energy is Not the Answer by Helen Caldcott, conservation is very important. Because the United States uses more energy than any other country, we need to do more. Recycling helps, and that's a good law that was passed. According to Happiness Magazine, recycling one aluminum can saves enough energy to run a television for three hours. How about turning it off more? We should do -- how about hanging clothes out to dry? I don't see that, every home hanging their clothes out anymore. Just

turn the dryer on, use electricity.

Well, walking instead of driving, you've all heard that. But how much do we actually do it? And cloth bags instead of plastic? I guess -- I've heard that this has really gone up in some cities, but I don't see it around here. I'm one of the only ones that -- maybe one or two other people that I've seen in the last couple years using cloth bags for their groceries. We especially need to stop throwing food away. Having worked in local schools, I have seen what ends up in the garbage cans.

Energy was used to produce, ship and prepare that food. We are wasting it.

Other alternate energies and conservation should be done in ways that protect the environment. The Highland Wind project would not. My 40 wooded acres will be surrounded by several turbines. More would be less than three-fourths of a mile from my house. One alternate turbine would be three-tenths of a mile in the area of beautiful -- right in the area of the beautiful sunsets that I look at every night. And I have a lot of woods, so that's the sky that I -- most of the sky that I have the best view of, and some of the other turbines are going to be in that same view because there's so many of them.

Let's see. Kind of skipped around a little bit. Yeah, I've lived here for 40 years, and it's been a struggle. But somehow we managed to hang onto our home. Sometimes we -- being that I live in the valley, we often have to drive up some very dangerous icy roads, hills. To -- the one -- both ways out. And we have to drive up them to go to the grocery store or to get to our place of work. But even worse was slowly backing down the long, steep hill if we didn't make it up. And, well, and that would hurt after that.

And for many years our children endured the long bus rides while attending a school 13 miles away. And when we first moved out there when the kids started school, they were the first ones on and the last ones off. Now they changed that, you know, so you can't be the last one off if you're the first one on. But back then, it happened to my kids. So they had some long bus rides. But the peace and the beauty that we experience every day made those sacrifices worth it.

And now that I'm in my 60s, I look forward to sharing the woods not only with my children but also with my grandchildren. But they have no desire to hunt or hike near the industrial turbines. My

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son actually had talked about buying my place, but I don't know if he's scared -- I think he's scared about these turbines and he's -- he moved back to Alaska to live again. He used to hunt for -- he would just be gone all day hunting in our woods. And but what about the deer? In Our Wildlife Have Disappeared, an article January 2009, Gerry Meyer of Brownsville, Wisconsin, who lives inside an industrial wind farm in Fond du Lac says, "I have not seen a deer since the construction began. Many years ago, my neighbor's father built a hunting stand in the corner of the woods and shot many deer This year my neighbor saw no deer. from it. only thing he saw was shadow flicker from industrial wind turbines and the annoying sound from these turbines." Those are his words.

So if the deer leave or too many bats are killed, the damage is -- we don't even know the damage. The whole ecosystem could change with devastating results. According to the Department of Natural Resources, fruit bats eat -- see, I noticed something, I made a mistake. Oh, well, fruit bats eat fruit, nectar and pollen which helps plants pollinate. Did anybody think of a bat like that ever? Of course, we all know they eat many species

of wasps, moths, leafhoppers, and flies including mosquitoes, up to 600 in one hour.

And, actually, I caught another show by accident. CBS This Morning, on October 3rd, not too long ago, the program was about the great white whale. Scientists are studying them to find out --try to find out why they're declining. Because the scientists predict that if we lose them, the trickle-down effect would endanger our oceans. Who would think that, hm? That one species could endanger a big body of water like our oceans.

So if the turbines are built and my children aren't around to visit so much, if at all, the trails may be left to just me and my horse. And because horses will not go near sounds -- or rather near turbines, another mistake, horses will not go near turbines, they may not be safe to ride. And I went online; and according to Horse Sense by Ashley Griffin, Horse Senses I mean, horses can hear a wider range of sound than humans. They can hear a range of 14 Hz to 25 KHz, compared to humans at 20 to 20. So that's 14 to 25 compared to 20 to 20.

And if any of you have horses, you know of their ability to hear. And I mean, not their ability to hear, I just mentioned that, their

ability to pick up a sound from different directions and narrow in on it. This is because they have 10 muscles in their ears compared to our three, and they can move their ears 180 degrees. And they can single out a specific area to listen to. And this allows the horse to focus on the direction a sound is coming from, isolate it and run the other way. Those of you who have horses know exactly what I'm talking about.

This is from -- and there is another article online from the Horse & Hound Magazine, 2004. And this is where the horse owners in Wales opposed the wind farms because their horses acted erratically around the wind turbines. The riders reported hearing odd noises from machines saying the horses did not like the turbines. And by the way, there are many other horse owners besides me in the Town of Forest. And I wish that -- I don't have a count of them, and I wonder if Emerging Energies has a count. And all you have to do is ride around Forest Township, though, and you can see there are a lot of horses.

And so I wouldn't be safe riding probably or my children wouldn't be safe riding. I have a daughter that loves to ride. And how about if we're

out in the yard, out in the woods, walking on road, I would be a lot closer to the turbines than I mentioned earlier. Would I be safe? How will they affect my hearing aid and my television? And my hearing, I don't -- and my eardrums are damaged from since I was a little toddler, possibly from the red measles, nobody even knows. And nobody even knows how the wind turbines are going to affect them.

But there's an article, according to Dave Staunton, he's a Welsh father of two children with hearing aids. He says, "Turbines give off a low frequency noise which can interfere with hearing devices. There would also be a magnetic device from the turbines and the apparatus for the hearing aid has a magnet. It means that when they're outside, my children would have to take their hearing aids out which might not be safe."

And, of course, on the same website it talks about television reception. The Ontario residents in North Gower-Richmond, Ontario, reported that as soon as the turbines started operating in their area, their TV reception was interrupted. I guess there were a couple dozen built nearby.

All right. So with all these changes to my environment, my home would feel like a prison. I

would want to leave Forest Township which I never wanted to since I've been here. I mean, I've thought about it because it's been hard living there. But it always came down to there's no other place that I'd rather be. Of course now, with the turbines coming in, there's a lot of places I'd rather be. But it might be hard to sell my home, which is all I have. I have enough money in the bank right now just to pay my next real estate taxes. Otherwise I'm living day-to-day.

So who's going to answer this ad: For sale, recreational land, 40 wooded acres surrounded by 41 500-foot turbines? Well, maybe the government should exercise eminent domain and buy my property. And I don't know, I guess that's not in the books at all, I haven't heard anything about that.

So I hope the wind project is not approved. We have a moral obligation to our children and our children's children. We should not be trading sunrises and sunsets for huge blades, cement and transmission lines. Nobody says it better, you all remember the Native American Indians, right? And I think you know what kind of a deal they got. Well, there was a peaceful Chief Seattle that gave a famous speech, and I'm going to

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just skip some lines and just, you know, read a few of the lines, because I think he says it quite well. And this was back in the mid 1850s: When the government wanted to buy the lands of his exhausted and defeated people, he responded in his native tongue: How can you buy the sky? How can you own the rain and the wind? My mother told me every part of the earth is sacred to our people. My father said to me we are part of the earth and it is part of us. What will happen when the view of the ripe hills is blotted by talking wires? Where will the thicket be? Gone. Where will the eagle be? And what will happen when we say good-bye to the swift pony and the hunt? It will be the end of life and the beginning of survival. Preserve the land and the air and the rivers for your children's children and love it as we have loved it. So all of this talk about ownership, we don't own this place, we don't own that place, you don't own it. It's the people that are -- aren't here yet. So let's think about those, and I hope that we -- the PSC does not approve the project. Thank you. **EXAMINER NEWMARK:** Thank you. (Witness excused.)

1	EXAMINER NEWMARK: All right. Let's go
2	off the record.
3	(Discussion off the record.)
4	EXAMINER NEWMARK: Let's go on the record.
5	I think we have all our appearances. Anyone else?
6	No?
7	COMMISSIONER CALLISTO: I want to thank
8	everybody in the crowd for attending tonight.
9	You've been very helpful.
10	EXAMINER NEWMARK: And I'd like to thank
11	you all for coming and your participation and your
12	comments, helpful comments, and your patience. And
13	your behavior here was excellent. Thanks very much.
14	(The hearing concluded at 9:25 p.m.)
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1	STATE OF WISCONSIN)
2	MILWAUKEE COUNTY)
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4	I, LYNN M. BAYER, RMR, Certificate of Merit
5	Reporter with the firm of Gramann Reporting Company, 710
6	North Plankinton, Suite 710, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, do
7	hereby certify that I reported the foregoing proceedings,
8	and that the same is true and correct in accordance with
9	my original machine shorthand notes.
10	DATED THIS DAY OF, 2012.
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14	Lynn M. Bayer
15	Certificate of Merit Reporter
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11	(None marked or admitted.)
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